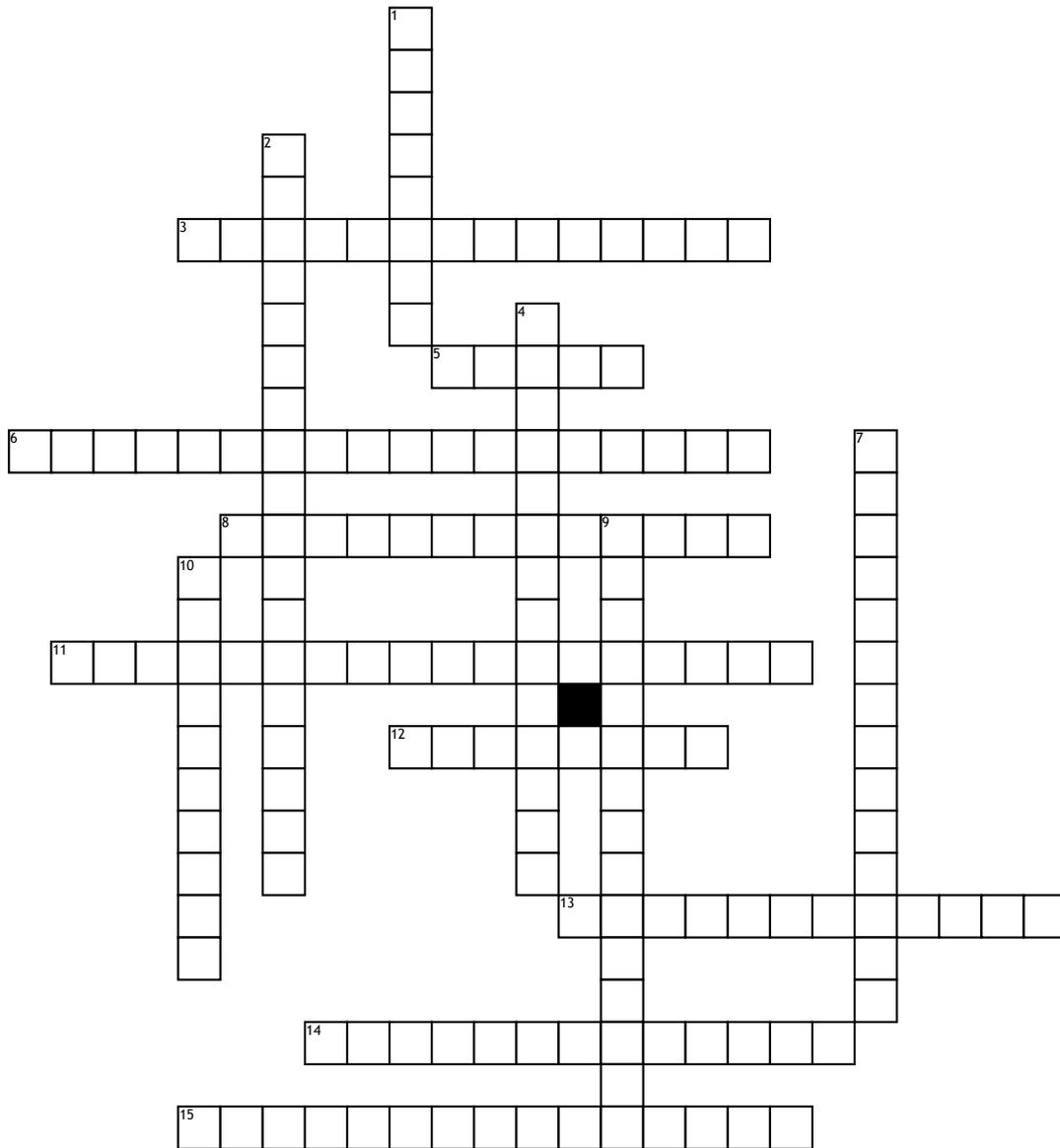


# Chapter 3: The Colonies Come of Age



**Across**

- 3. A 1739 uprising of slaves in South Carolina, leading to the tightening of already harsh slave laws
- 5. A person who becomes the property of others.
- 6. A conflict in North America, lasting from 1754 to 1763, that was part of a worldwide struggle between France and Britain and that ended with the defeat of France and the transfer of French Canada to Britain
- 8. the voyage that brought enslaved Africans to the West Indies and later to North America.
- 11. The transfer of the British monarchy from James II to William and Mary in 1688-1689.

- 12. A trade law enacted by Parliament in 1764 in an attempt to reduce smuggling in the British Colonies in North America
- 13. An economic system in which nations seek to increase their wealth and power by obtaining large amounts of gold and silver and by establishing a favorable balance of trade.
- 14. an 18th-century intellectual movement that emphasized the use of reason and the scientific method as means of obtaining knowledge.
- 15. the transatlantic system of trade in which goods and people, including slaves, were exchanged between Africa, England, Europe, the West Indies, and the colonies in North America

**Down**

- 1. A crop grown by a farmer for sale rather than for personal use
- 2. an order in which Britain prohibited its American colonists from settling west of the Appalachian Mountains.
- 4. A series of laws enacted by Parliament, beginning in 1651, to tighten England's control of trade in its American colonies.
- 7. A revival of religious feeling in the American colonies during the 1730s and 1750s.
- 9. An English policy of relaxing the enforcement of regulations in its colonies in return for the colonies' continued economic loyalty.
- 10. The legislative body of England.