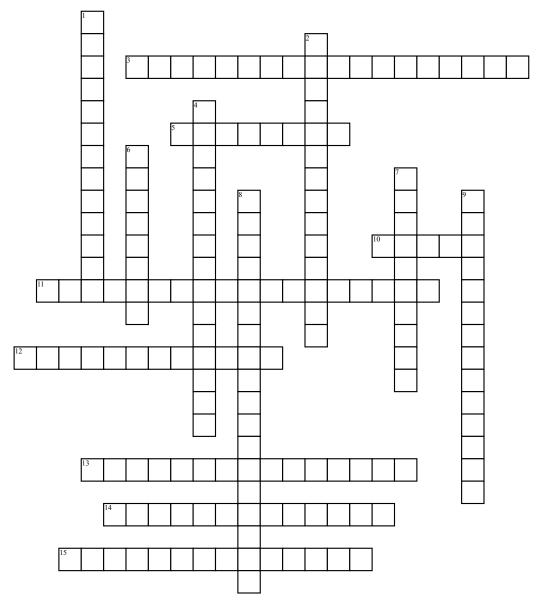
Chapter 3: The Colonies come of age



Across

- **3.** An order in which Britain prohibited its American colonist from settling west of the Appalachian Mountains.
- **5.** A crop grown by a farmer for sale rather than for personal us.
- **10.** A person who becomes the property of others.
- 11. A conflict in North America, lasting from 1754 to 1763, that was a part of a worldwide struggle between France and that ended with the defeat of France and the transfer of French Canada to Britian.
- **12.** An economic system in which nations seek to increase their wealth and power by obtaining large amounts of gold and silver and by establishing a favorite balance of trade

- 13. The transatlantic system of trade in which goods and people, including slaves, were exchanged between Africa, England, Europe, the West Indies, and the colonies in North America.
- **14.** An 18th century intellectual movement that emphasize use of reason and the scientific method as means of obtaining knowledg.
- **15.** A series of laws enacted by Parliament, beginning in 1651, to tighten England's control of trade in its American colonies.

Down

1. The voyages that brought enslave African to the West Indies and later to north americ.

- **2.** A 1739 uprising of slaves in the South Carolina, leading to the tightening of already harsh laws.
- **4.** An English policy of relaxing the enforcement of regulations in its colonies in return for the colonies continued economic loyalty.
- **6.** A trade law enacted by Parliament in 1764 in an attempt to reduced smuggling in the British colonies in North America
- **7.** The legislative body of england.
- **8.** The transfer of the British monarchy from James 2 to William and Mary 1688 1689.
- **9.** A revival feeling in the American colonies during the 1730s and 1750s