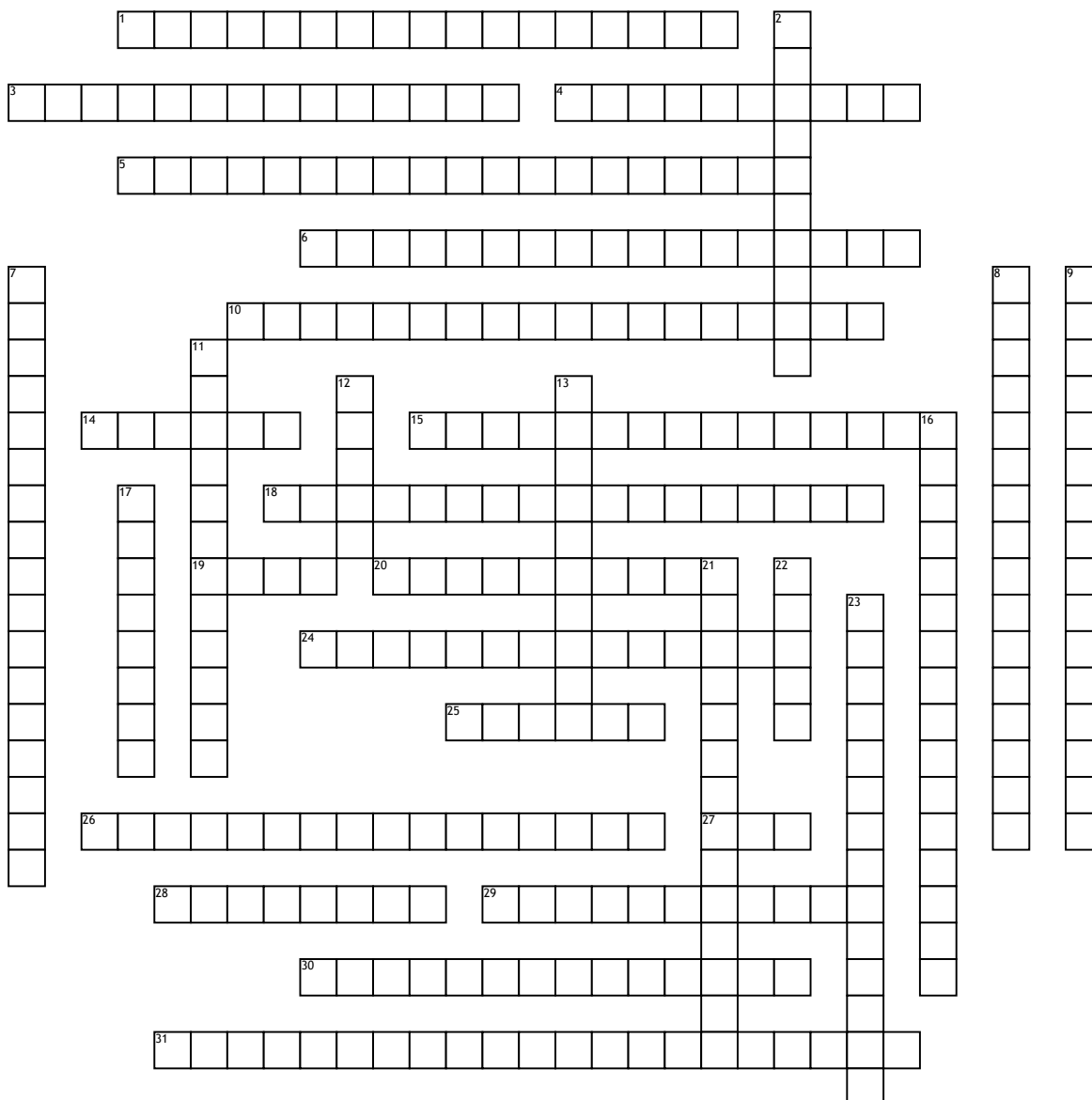


Chapter 3 Vocabulary



Across

1. A group of functions with similar characteristics
3. A function whose graph is a nonvertical line
4. An absolute value function written in the form $f(x) = a|x - h| + k$, where $a \neq 0$
5. The variable that represents the input values of a function
6. A function that does not have a constant rate of change and whose graph is not a line
10. A linear equation written in the form $y = mx + b$
14. The set of all possible input values
15. A transformation that causes the graph of a function to stretch away from the x-axis when all the y-coordinates are multiplied by a factor a , where $a > 1$
18. The variable that represents the output of a function
19. The change in y between any two points on a line
20. The y-coordinate of a point where the graph crosses the y-axis
24. A set of input values that consists of only certain numbers in an interval

25. The point where a graph changes direction
 26. Another name for y denoted as $f(x)$ and read as "the value of f at x " or " f of x "
 27. The change in x between any two points on a line
 28. A pairing of inputs with outputs
 29. A transformation that shifts a graph horizontally and/or vertically but does not change the size, shape, or orientation of the graph
 30. A transformation that causes the graph of a function to shrink toward the x-axis when all the y-coordinates are multiplied by a factor a , where $0 < a < 1$
 31. A function that contains an absolute value expression
- Down**
2. A transformation that flips a graph over a line called the line of reflection
 7. A transformation that causes the graph of a function to stretch away from the y-axis when all of the x-coordinates are multiplied by a factor a , where $0 < a < 1$
 8. A linear equation written in the form $y = 0x + b$ or $y = b$

9. A set of input values that consists of all numbers in an interval
11. A linear equation written in the form $Ax + By = C$, where A , V , and C are real numbers and A and B are not both zero
12. The rate of change between any two points on a line
13. The x-coordinate of a point where the graph crosses the x-axis
16. A transformation that causes the graph of a function to shrink toward the y-axis when all the x-coordinates are multiplied by a factor a , where $a > 1$
17. A relation that pairs each input with exactly one output
21. A change in the size, shape, position, or orientation of a graph
22. The set of all possible output values
23. The most basic function in a family of functions