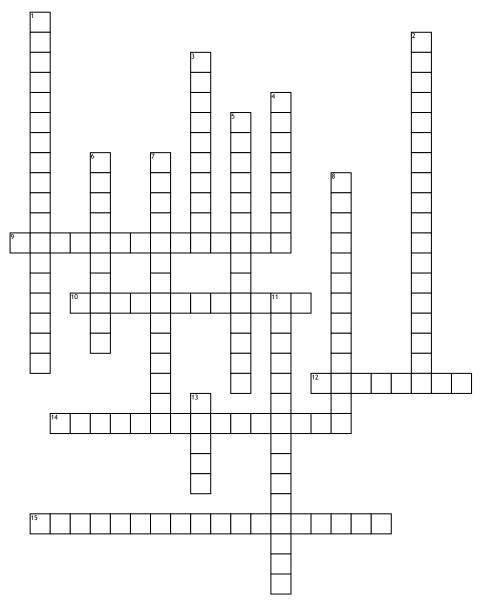
Name:	Date:	Period:
-------	-------	---------

Chapter 3 Vocabulary



Across

- **9.** an 18th century intellectual movement that emphasized the use of reason and scientific method as means obtaining knowledge
- 10. an economic system in which nations seek to increase their wealth and power by obtaining large amounts of gold and silver and by establishing a favorable balance of trade
- **12.** a cop grown by a farmer for sale rather than for personal use
- 14. the transatlantic system of trade in which good and people, including slaves, were exchanged between Africa, England, Europe, the West Indies, and the colonies in North America
- **15.** the transfer of the Britain monarchy from James to William and Mary in 1688-1689

<u>Down</u>

- 1. an order in which Britain prohibited its American colonists from settling west of the Appalachian Mountains
- 2. a conflict in North America, lasting from 1754 to 1763, that was a part of a worldwide struggle between France and Britain and that ended with the defeat of France and the transfer of French Canada to Britain
- **3.** a series of laws enacted by parliament, beginning in 1651, to tighten England's control of trade in its American colonies
- **4.** a trade law enacted by Parliament in 1764 in an attempt to reduce smuggling in the British colonies in North America

- 5. a 1739 uprising of slaves in South Carolina, leading to the tightening of already harsh slave laws
- 6. the legislative body of England
- 7. a reveal of religious feeling in the American colonies during the 1730s and 1750s
- **8.** the voyage that brought enslaved Africans to the West Indies and later to North America
- 11. an English policy of relaxing the enforcement of regulations in its colonies in the colonies continued economic loyalty
- **13.** a person who beco, es the property of others