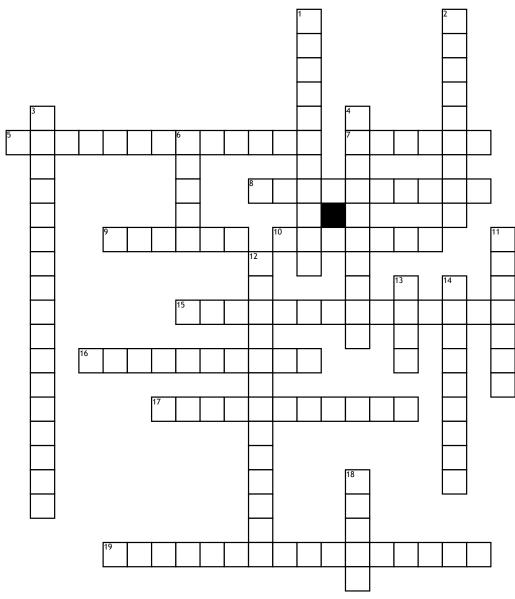
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Chapter 4



Across

- **5.** a block of lithosphere that consists of the crust and the rigid, outermost part of the mantle
- **7.** the rising of regions of the Earth's crust to higher elevations
- **8.** the strong, lower part of the mantle between the asthenosphere and the outer core
- **9.** the layer of rock between the Earth's crust and core
- **10.** the bending of rock layers due to stress
- **15.** the theory that explains how large pieces of the Earth's outermost layer, called the tectonic plates, move and change shape

- **16.** the boundary formed by the collision of two lithospheric plates
- 17. the solid, outer layer of the Earth that consists of the crust and the rigid upper part of the mantle
- 19. the hypothesis that states that the continents once formed a single landmass, broke up, and drifted to their present locations

Down

- 1. stress that occurs when forces act to squeeze an object
- 2. the boundary between tectonic plates that are sliding past each other horizontally
- **3.** the process by which new oceanic lithosphere forms as magma rises toward the surface and solidifies

- **4.** the sinking of regions of the Earth's crust to lower elevations
- **6.** the thin and solid outermost layer of the Earth above the mantle
- **11.** stress that occurs when forces act to stretch an object
- **12.** the soft layer of the mantle on which the tectonic plates move
- **13.** the central part of the Earth below the mantle
- **14.** the boundary between two tectonic plates that are moving away from each other
- **18.** a break in a body of rock along which one block slides relative to another