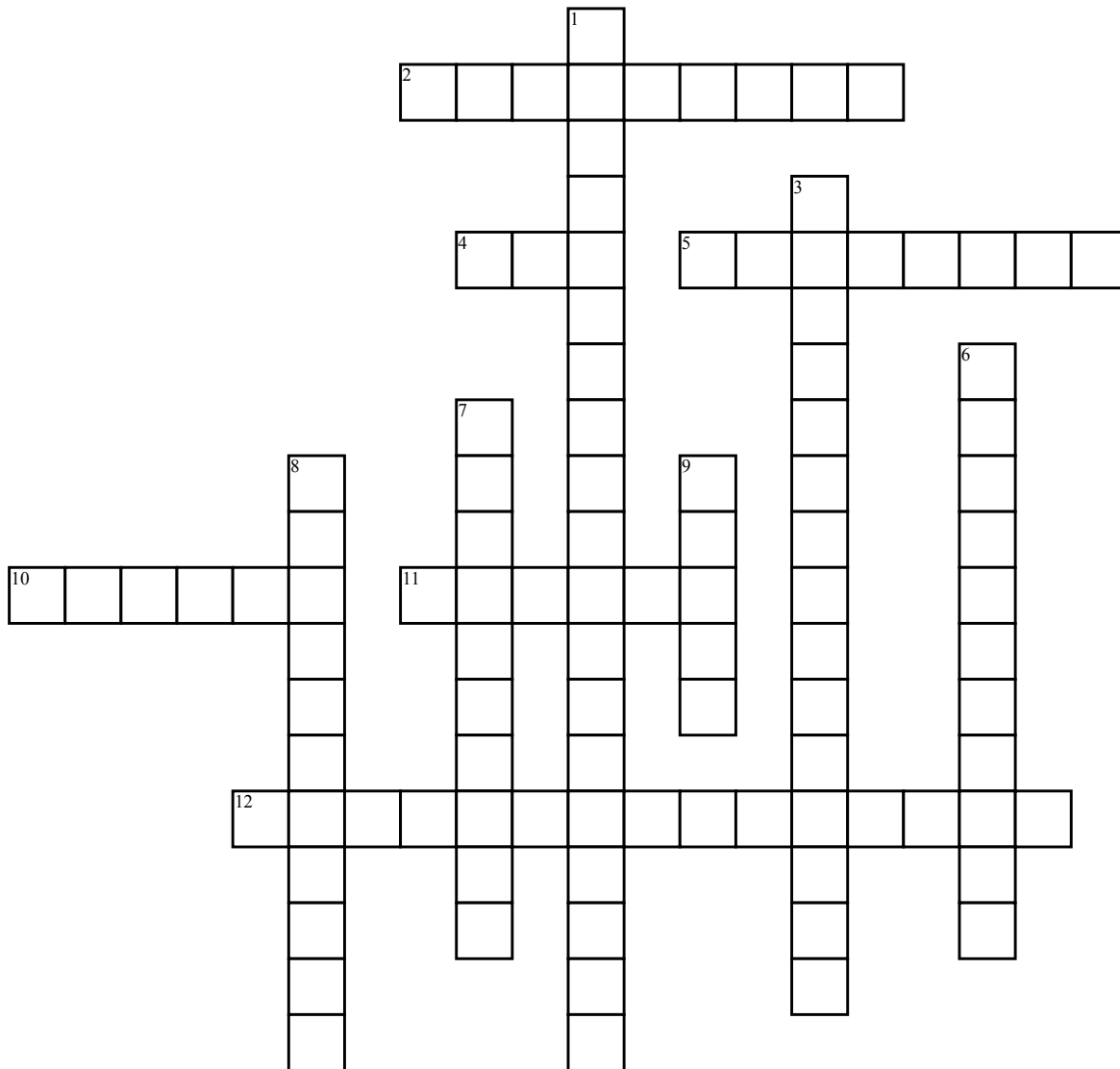


Chapter 4 China's Classical Age



Across

2. Political theories who emphasized the need for rigorous laws and laid the basis for China's later bureaucratic government.
4. The lower ranks of Chinese aristocracy; these men could serve either military or civil capacities.
5. A powerful mechanic bow developed during the Warring States Period.
10. One of the Shang Dynasty capitals from which the Shang kings ruled for more than two centuries.
11. A stylized animal face commonly seen in Chinese bronzes.

12. The theory that Heaven gives the king a mandate to rule only as long as he rules in the interest of the people.

Down

1. The period of Chinese history between 403-221 B.C.E., when states fought each other and one state after another was destroyed.
3. One of the earliest Chinese books, containing documents, speeches, and historical accounts about early Zhou rule.
6. Reverent attitude of children to their parents extolled by Confucius.

7. A concept of complementary poles, one represents the feminine, dark, and receptive, and the other the masculine, bright, and assertive.
8. A system of writing in which each word is represented by a single symbol, such as the Chinese script.
9. Soil deposited by winds; it is fertilized and easy to work.