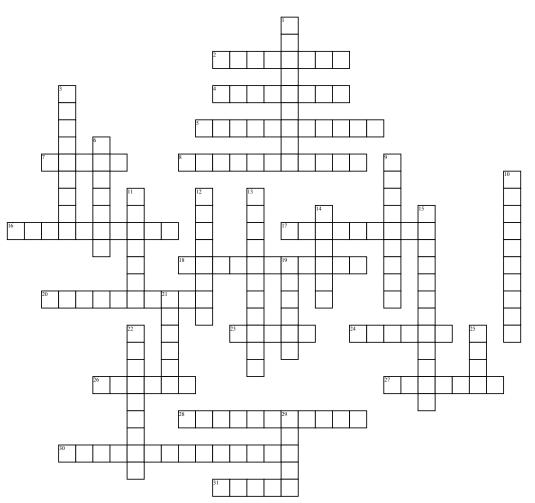
## **Chapter 4 Vocabulary Crossword**

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## Across

2. King Cyrus' son who expanded the Persian empire by conquering Egypt.

4. A Chinese political philosophy based on the idea that a highly efficient and powerful government is the key to social order.

5. Hatshepsut's stepson, who proved to be a much better ruler than his stepmom.

7. A region of Africa the straddled the upper Nile river. 8. In Chinese thought, the two powers that govern the natural rhythms of life.

16. A female pharaoh of the kingdom of Egypt 17. A Southwest Asian people who helped to destroy the

Assyrian Empire.

**18.** An Assyrian king that bragged about destroying cities and villages and burning Babylon.

20. Ruled for 20 years and then assumed his name, which meant First Emperor.

23. The center of the Kush dynasty from about 250 b.c. to a.d. 150; known for its manufacture of iron weapons and tools.

24. A Chinese book of oracles, consulted to answer ethical and practical problems.

26. A universal force called the Dao (Way) should guide a philosophy based on the ideas of the Chinese thinker Laozi, who taught that people.

27. A Kushite king who overthrew the Libyan dynasty.

28. A system of departments and agencies formed to carry out the work of government.

**30.** A Chaldean king that restored the city of Babylon and created the famous "hanging gardens".

31. A Southwest Asian people who helped to destroy the Assyrian Empire. Down

- **1.** A road in the Persian Empire, stretching over 1,600 miles from Susa in Persia to Sardis in Anatolia.

3. China's most influential scholar.

6. Assyria's capital city

9. A Persian prophet who offered answers.

10. What was the period of ancient Egyptian history that followed the overthrow of the Hyksos rulers, lasting from about 1570 to 1075 b c?

**11.** A Southwest Asian kingdom that controlled a large empire from about 850 to 612 b.c.

12. A Hittite king that made a treaty which promised "peace and brother hood between us forever.

13. respect shown by children for their parents and elders. 14. A governor of a province in the Persian Empire.

15. A king who collected clay tablets from the Fertile Crescent to put in Nineveh's library. 19. Who were a group of nomadic invaders from

Southwest Asia who ruled Egypt from 1640 to 1570 b.c? **21.** Cambyses's successor, a noble or the ruling dynasty who with the help of 10,000 immortals seized the throne. 22. A government in which the ruler has unlimited power

and uses it in an arbitrary manner.

25. an ancient Nubian kingdom whose rulers controlled

Egypt between 2000 and 1000 b.c. 29. A Persian king and military genius who dominated

several of Persia's neighboring cities.

## Word Bank

Sennacherib	Hatshepsut	Chaldeans	Ramses II	Royal Road	New Kingdom	Nineveh
Meroe	Nubia	Satrap	Hyskos	Darius	Legalism	Ashurbanipal
Zoroaster	Bureaucracy	Cyrus	Confucius	Shi Huandgi	I Ching	Filial Piety
Daoism	Autocracy	Thutmose III	Medes	Kush	Piankhi	Assyria
Cambyses	Nebuchadnezzar	Ying and Yang				