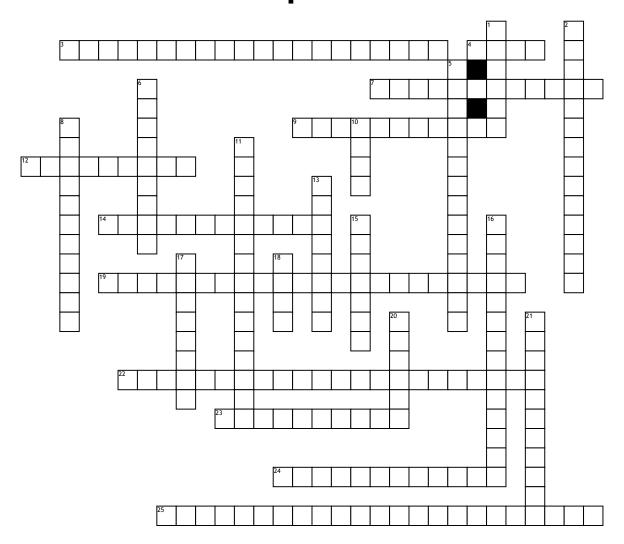
Name:	Date:	

Chapter 4



Across

- **3.** revenues and expenses frequently reported in different periods for book purposes and tax purposes
- **4.** explains the important accounting choices the reporting entity uses the account for selected transactions and accounts
- 7. also called a statement of financial position
- 9. probable future sacrifices of economic benefits arising from an entity's present obligations to transfer assets or provide services to other entities in the future as a result of past transactions or events
- 12. a category of the statement of financial position should include assets and liabilities that management views as being related to the central purpose for which the entity is in business
- **14.** measures for evaluating operating efficiency and profitability of an enterprise return on assets and return on common equity
- ${\bf 19.}$ a company balance sheet that presents each item as a percentage of total assets
- **22.** interest that represents the ownership interest of a company's shareholders in the consolidated subsidiarie
- 23. types of assets such as inventory and buildings are not fixed in dollar amounts

- **24.** accounting method by which the operating section of the cash flow statement presents cash transactions related to the determination of net income
- **25.** occurs when a company enters into a transaction with individuals or other businesses that are connected with management or board of directors

Down

- 1. probable future economic benefits obtained or controlled by an entity as a result of past transactions or events.
- **2.** shows the revenues collected in cash and the expenses paid in cash
- **5.** accounting method by which the operating section begins with net income and then presents all reasons why and amounts by which cash flow from operations differs from net income
- measures how readily assets can be converted to cash relative to how soon liabilities will have to be paid in cash
- **8.** n entity's ability to adjust to unexpected downturns in the economic environment in which it operates or to take advantage of profitable investments
- **10.** a type of income where the rules used to determine income for financial reporting purposes

- 11. how much an entity's assets are financed from debt versus equity sources
- **13.** types of assets that are fixed dollar amounts regardless of price changes
- **15.** type of income that frequently does not conform to the rules used to determine income for taxation purposes
- **16.** discount rate on notes or bonds that causes the present value of debt's cash flow stream to be equal to the load proceeds
- 17. a company's ability to generate sufficient cash flows to maintain its productive capacity and still meet interest and principal payments on long-term debt
- 18. a category that includes liabilities
- **20.** The residual interest in an entity's assets that remains after deducting its liabilities
- 21. deductions from asset accounts