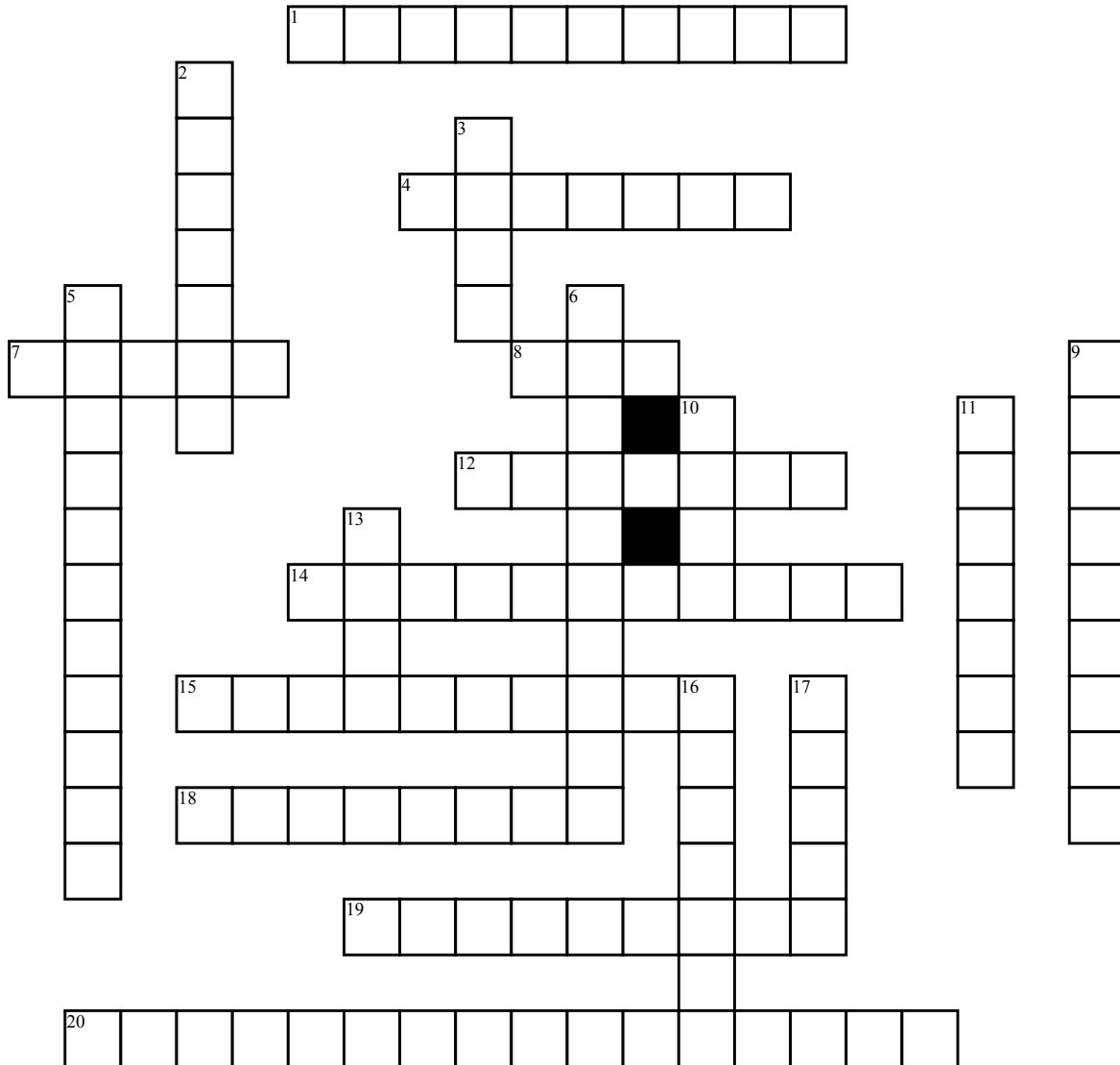


Name: _____

Chapter 5



Across

1. A wide, flat area next to a river
4. Layered sediment deposited by streams of water that flow from a melting
7. An agent of weathering that dissolves materials
8. Sediment deposited in water typically forms layers called _____
12. The removal of weathered material from one location to the other
14. A gently sloping mass of sediment that forms where a stream empties onto flat land at the foot of a steep slope

15. A destructive process that changes Earth's surface

18. The grinding away of rock or other surfaces as particles carried by water, wind, ice scrapes

19. When carbon dioxides in the air mix with rainwater, what does it form?

20. a current that flows parallel to the shoreline

Down

2. A broad, C-shaped curved in a stream

3. A pile of windblown sand

5. The downhill movement of a large mass of rocks or soil because of the pull of gravity

6. The layering down or settling down of eroded material

9. When a stream enters flat land, it moves even slower and is called a _____

10. A mixture of various sizes of sediment deposited by a glacier

11. A depositional feature in rivers and near ocean shores

13. Landforms created by deposition are often _____ and low-lying

16. A large mass of ice that formed on land and moves slowly across Earth's surface

17. A crumbly, windblown, pile of sand