Name:	 Date:	
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Chapter 7 Skin Structure

1. Medical branch of science	A. Subcutaneous
2. Largest organ of human body	B. Dermatology
3. Average adult skin weighslbs	C. D
4. Surface of healthy skin is slightly	D. Skin
5. Thickened skin from pressure develops a	E. 25
6. Skin on the scalp has	F. Melanin
7. The outermost thinnest layer of skin	G. Sebaceous
8. Epidermis has layers	H. 5
9. Layer of skin that is treated by cosmetologist	I. Sensory nerve fibers
10. Fibrous protein that is principal component of hair and nails	J. Deeper hair follicles
11. Shedding of skin cells first begins at the stratum layer	K. Acidic
12. Basal cell layer is also known as the	L. Stratum germinativum
13. Skin pigment	M. Motor
14. Also known as derma corium, cutis, or true skin	N. Keratin
15. Dermis layer is times thicker than epidermis	O. Callus
16. Muscle that causes goosebumps	P. Epidermis
17. Outer most layer of the dermis	Q. 6-9
18. Fatty tissue found below the dermis	R. A
19. Nerve fibers that carry impulses from the brain to the muscles	S. Melanin
20. Body part that sends messages to the brain	T. Arrector pili
21. Helps protect sensitive cells from UV rays	U. Stratum spinosum
22. Oil glands connected to hair follicles	V. Papillary
23. Vitamin may help improve skins elasticity and thickness	W. Spinosum
24. Vitamin enables body to absorb and use calcium	X. Dermis