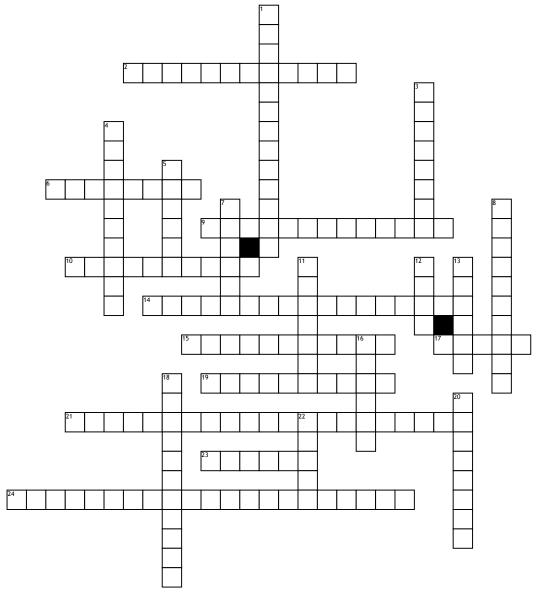
Name:	Date:	Period:	

Chapter 7 & 8 Vocabulary



Across

- 2. Doctor who specializes in delivering babies
- **6.** Tissue that connects the unbilical cord of an embryo of a fetus to the uterine wall
- **9.** Cord that attaches the embryo to the placenta
- **10.** One of three stages of pregnancy, each with unique emotional and physical characteristics
- **14.** Two people who conceive a child; also called birth parents
- **15.** The fluid filled sac that encloses the embryo and fetus
- 17. Name of the unborn child during the third and final stage of prenatal development
- **19.** Long thread like particals in the reproductive cells nucleus

- **21.** A person trained to care for women with low-risk pregnacies and to deliver their babies
- **23.** New cell formed after sperm and ovum unite
- 24. The first test for birth defects that may be performed during pregnancy
- 1. A technique that enables doctors to check for fetal abnormalities that might cause birth defects
- **3.** A condition in which a substance present in the blood can cause problems with the pregnancy
- **4.** The moment when the male and female reproductive cells unite; also called fertilization
- **5.** The pear shaped organ where the embryo and fetus developes; also called the womb

- 7. The ball of rapidly multiplying cells that develops during the second stage of prenatal development, which lasts from the end of thr second week of pregnancy through the eigth week
- **8.** High frequency sound waves that are bounced off the developing fetus to produce video, image or sonogram
- 11. The female reproductive glands
- **12.** A hereditary unit that determines a particular physical or mantal trait
- 13. The male reproductive glands
- **16.** A low blood count or too few red blood cells
- 18. The inability to conceive a child20. The transfer of traits from parent to
- 22. The male reproductive cells