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## Chapter 5 Words



## Across

1. elected official who is already in office
2. a procedure that allows each senator to speak only one hour on a bill under debate
3. means that the chairs are elected by which congressman has served the longest
4. committee made up of both senate and house members and can be temporary or permanent
5. a proposed law
6. a motion by all members of the Senate who are present to set aside formal rules and consider a bill from the calendar
7. a private meeting of party leaders to choose candidates for office
8. minimum number of members needed for official legislative action
9. they study one specific issue and report their findings to the Senate or House
10. an assistant to the party floor leaders in the legislature
11. voting is statewide
12. population count
13. permanent groups set to oversee bills that dealt with certain kinds of issues
14. to draw a district's boundaries to gain an advantage in elections
15. the Senate member, elected by the Senate, who stands in as president of the Senate in the absence of the vice president
16. the process of setting up new district lines after reapportionment

## Down

3. second type of personal staff member which is well informed on many bills
4. authority shared by two or more committees
5. 2 chamber legislature
6. vote of formal disapproval of a member's actions
7. members who work directly for an individual senator/ representative
8. people who work for many House and Senate committees
9. temporary committee that is set up when the House and Senate have passed different versions of a bill
10. a committee which specializes in a subcategory of its standing committee
11. a schedule that lists the order in which bills will be considered in Congress
12. meetings
13. the process of reassigning representation based on population, after every census
14. a motion placed on a bill in the Senate that alerts party leaders that if unanimous consent were to be sought, they would object
15. a person whom a member of Congress has been elected to represent
16. the Speaker's top assistant whose job is to help plan the majority party's legislative program and to steer important bills through the House
17. a method of defeating a bill in the Senate by stalling the legislative process and preventing a vote
