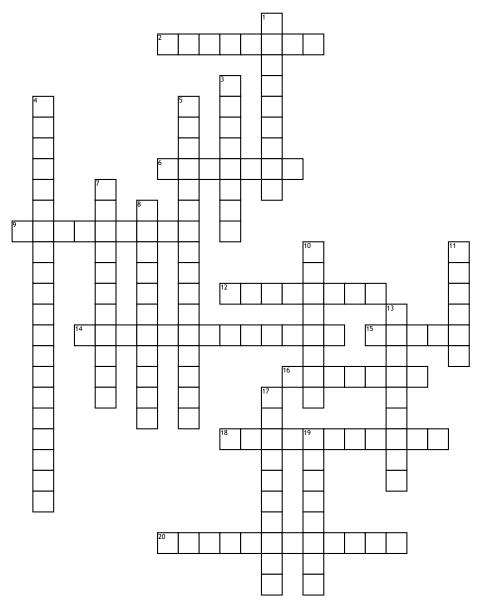
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Characteristics of life and Taxonomy/classification



Across

- **2.** A change in an organism's surroundings that causes the organism to react
- **6.** Kingdom of multicellular photosynthetic autotrophs that have cell walls containing cellulose, autotroph
- 9. Only eats meat
- **12.** a kingdom of unicellular living organisms that are neither animals nor plants; includes some groups of algae, slime molds and protozoa. Both heterotroph & autotroph
- 14. organisms consisting of many cells
- **15.** Kingdom composed of heterotrophs; many obtain energy and nutrients from dead organic matter
- **16.** Largest and most inclusive group in classification, protista, fungi, plantae, animalia

- **18.** An organism that cannot make its own food.
- **20.** "Father of Taxonomy"; established his classification of living things; famous for animal naming system of binomial nomenclature

<u>Down</u>

- **1.** A branching diagram that shows the evolutionary relationships among a group of organisms
- **3.** Discipline of classifying organisms and assigning each organism a universally accepted name
- **4.** A system for giving each organism a two-word scientific name that consists of the genus name followed by the species name
- **5.** A family tree that shows the evolutionary relationships thought to exist among groups of organisms

- 7. organisms composed of one cell
- **8.** process by which organisms maintain a relatively stable internal environment
- **10.** A kingdom made up of complex, multicellular organisms that lack cell walls, can usually move around, and quickly respond to their environment. heterotroph
- 11. A taxonomic category above the kingdom level. The three domains are Archaea, Bacteria, and Eukarya
- **13.** An organism that makes its own food
- 17. The end of a species existence.
- **19.** an action or change in behavior do to a Stimulus