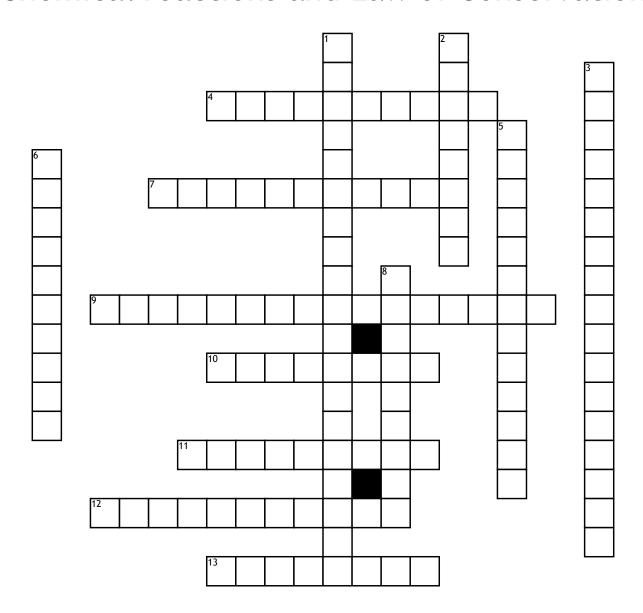
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Chemical reactions and Law of Conservation



Across

- **4.** uses oxygen as a reactant; produces heat; the products usually include water and carbon dioxide
- **7.** occurring or formed with absorption of heat
- **9.** chemical equation with the same number of atoms of each element on both sides of the equation
- **10.** a substance that initiates or accelerates a chemical reaction without itself being affected

- **11.** The combination of 2 or more substances to form a compound (one product forms)
- **12.** A number in front of a chemical formula in an equation that indicates how many molecules or atoms of each reactant and product are involved in a reaction.
- 13. a chemical substance that is present at the start of a chemical reaction

<u>Down</u>

1. Ions in 2 compounds "change" partners; Cation (+) of the one compound combines with anion (-) of the other

- **2.** the elements or compounds produced by a chemical reaction
- 3. One element replaces another in a compound; metal replaces metal (+)
- **5.** A compound breaks down into 2 or more simpler substances (only one reactant)
- **6.** chemical reaction in which energy is primarily given off in the form of heat
- **8.** A number in a chemical formula that tells the number of atoms in a molecule or the ratio of elements in a compound