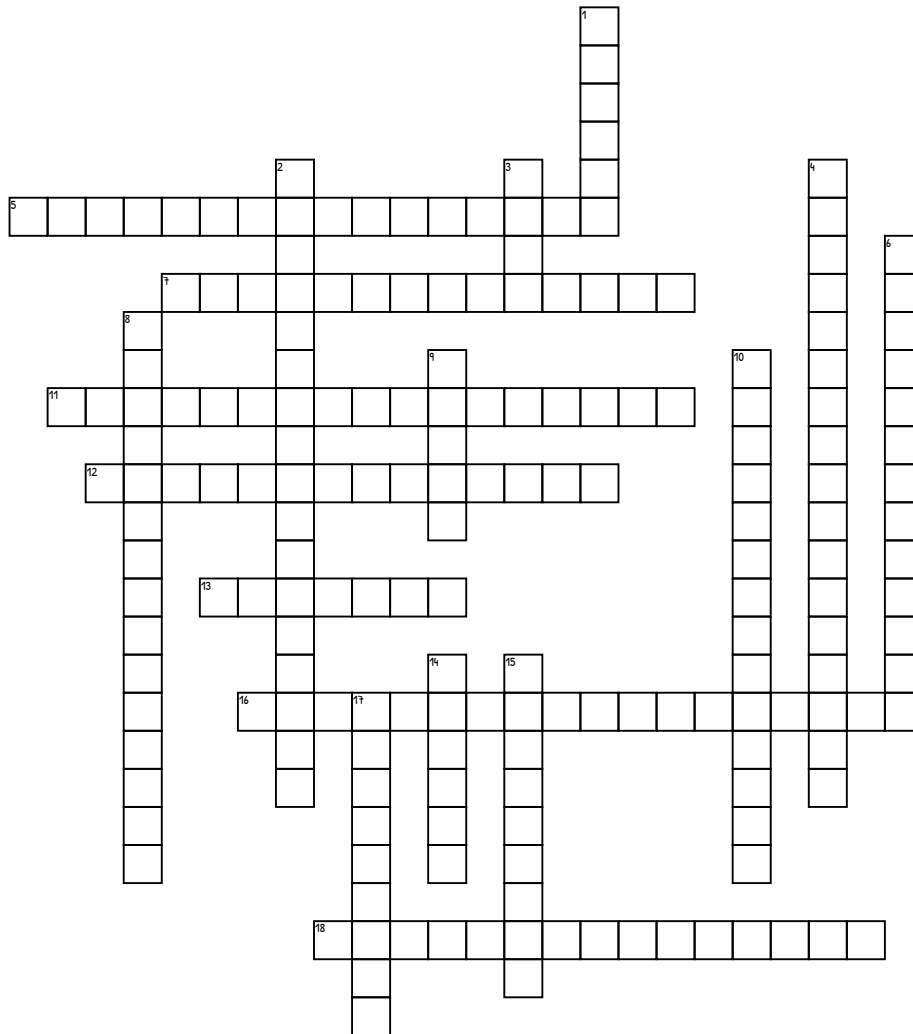


CIVICS VOCABULARY



Across

5. powers that are shared by both federal and state governments (power to tax, build roads, create lower courts)

7. interprets laws

11. Each branch checks the power of others

12. review by the US Supreme Court of the constitutional validity of a legislative act.

13. charge with treason or another crime against the government.

16. separating power between branches to ensure that no one has too much power

18. powers include the power to coin money, to regulate commerce, to declare war, to raise and maintain armed forces, and to establish a Post Office.

Down

1. a meeting at which local members of a political party register their preference among candidates running for office or select delegates to attend a convention.

2. making laws

3. a constitutional right to reject a decision or proposal made by a law-making body.

4. all power that is not listed in the constitution is reserved for the states or people

6. political powers granted to the United States government that aren't explicitly stated in the Constitution.

8. the branch that carries out and enforces laws

9. a compulsory contribution to state revenue

10. The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States

14. sign or give formal consent to, making it officially valid.

15. having two branches or chambers

17. a minor change or addition designed to improve a text, piece of legislation