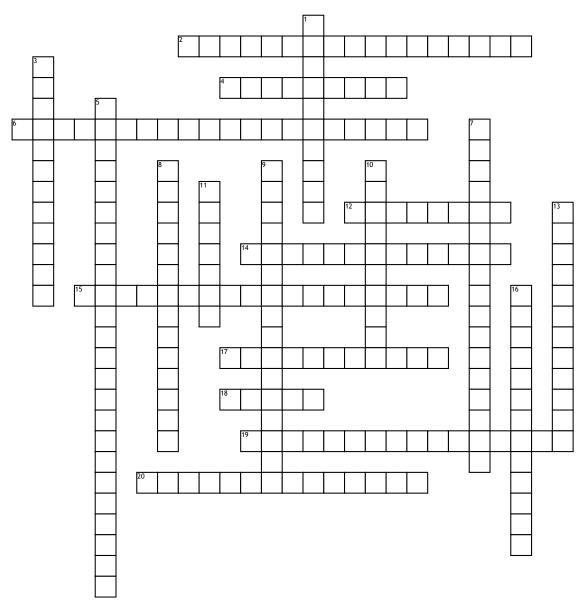
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## Civil War



## **Across**

- **2.** U.S. Supreme Court decision which determined that slaves (Dred Scott) could not sue in federal court because they did not have the rights of citizenship.
- **4.** Device that allowed messages to be sent by wires over long distances
- **6.** Place where Civil War ended on April 9, 1865, when Lee surrendered to Grant.
- 12. ship made of iron
- **14.** Successful Union general who attended West Point Military Academy; against slavery
- **15.** series of agreements passed by Congress in 1820-1821 to maintain the balance of power between slave states and free states
- **17.** The southern states that seceded from the United States in 1861.
- **18.** the United States (especially the northern states during the American Civil War)

- **19.** General for the South; got his nickname because he refused to retreat during battle he held his position like a stone wall.
- **20.** President of the United States of America during the Civil War; born in Kentucky;

## <u>Down</u>

- 1. General of the Confederacy considered to be one of the greatest generals of all time
- **3.** Place in Virginia where John Brown led a raid on a federal arsenal.
- **5.** Document freeing slaves in Union-controlled Confederate states
- 7. law that allowed voters in Kansas and Nebraska to choose whether to allow slavery or not.
- **8.** Novel written by Harriet Beecher Stowe that showed the horrors of slavery to Northerners.
- **9.** Civil War battle in which 25,000 men were killed or wounded

- 10. Union military post in South Carolina which was taken over by the Confederacy in 1861. \*Officially began the Civil War
- 11. Condition of being owned by, and forced to work for someone else. \*About 4 million slaves in the south in 1860; 1/3 of Southern farmers owned slaves; most worked in fields on plantations.
- **13.** Union strategy for winning by "squeezing" on all sides
- **16.** The march of an army of 62,000 men from Atlanta toward Savannah, Georgia which left a path of almost total destruction. \*It is often cited as the first example of total war.