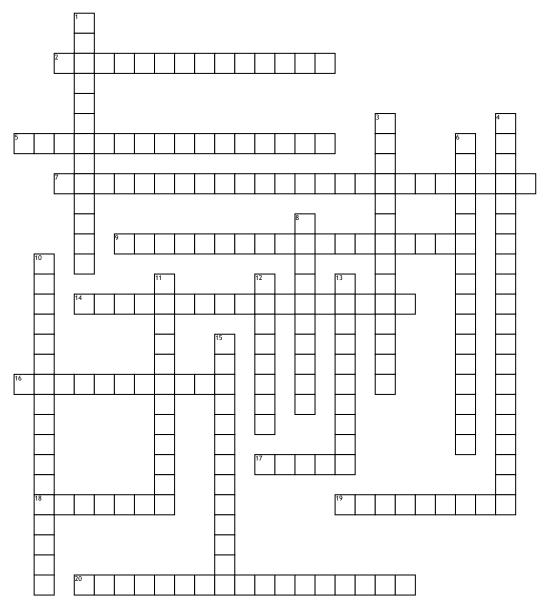
Name:	Date:	

## Civil war



## **Across**

- **2.** President of the Confederacy; born in Kentucky; for slavery; believed states had the right to leave the Union
- **5.** General for the South; got his nickname because he refused to retreat during battle
- 7. Document freeing slaves in Union-controlled Confederate states
- **9.** A series of agreements passed by Congress in 1820-1821 to maintain the balance of power between slave states and free states
- **14.** A law that allowed voters in Kansas and Nebraska to choose whether to allow slavery or not.
- **16.** The southern states that seceded from the United States in 1861.

- **17.** the United States (especially the northern states during the American Civil War)
- **18.** Condition of being owned by, and forced to work for someone else.
- **19.** Device that allowed messages to be sent by wires over long distances
- **20.** U.S. Supreme Court decision which determined that slaves (Dred Scott) could not sue in federal court because they did not have the rights of citizenship.

## **Down**

- 1. The march of an army of 62,000 men from Atlanta toward Savannah
- **3.** Novel written by Harriet Beecher Stowe that showed the horrors of slavery to Northerners

- **4.** Place where Civil War ended on April 9, 1865, when Lee surrendered to Grant.
- **6.** Civil War battle in which 25,000 men were killed or wounded
- **8.** Union military post in South Carolina which was taken over by the Confederacy in 1861.
- 10. The fall of Vicksburg, Mississippi, to General Ulysses S. Grant's army on July 4th, 1863, after 48 days of seige.
- 11. Place in Virginia where John Brown led a raid on a federal arsenal.
- 12. ship made of iron
- **13.** Rapid-fire gun capable of shooting 600 rounds per minute.
- **15.** Successful Union general who attended West Point Military Academy; against slavery