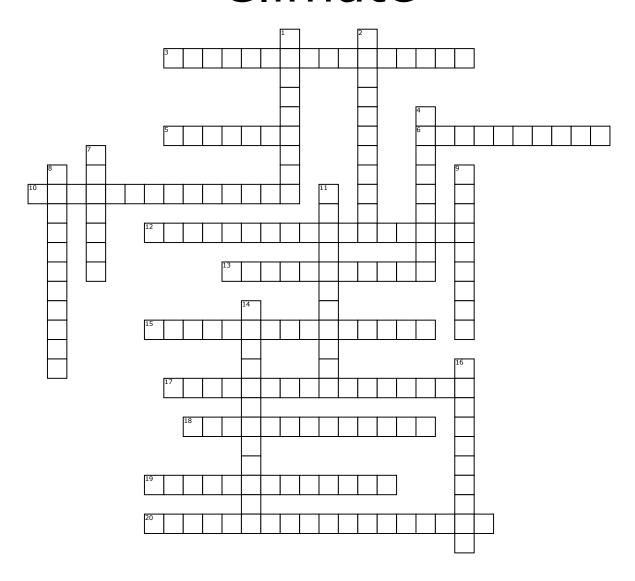
Name:	Date:

## Climate



## **Across**

- **3.** the ability of gasses in the atmosphere to trap heat energy around the Earth
- **5.** the day-to-day patterns of air and water in the troposphere
- **6.** measures wind speed based on the rotation of the cups as the wind blows
- **10.** the rotation of the Earth that causes storms in the Northern Hemisphere to spin counterclockwise
- **12.** rising air that moves in a counterclockwise direction in the northern hemisphere, often associated with cloudy weather and precipitation
- 13. measures temperature
- **15.** uses pictures from space to see large weather patterns

- **17.** uses pictures from space to see large weather patterns
- **18.** a localized climate that differs from the main regional climate
- **19.** rapidly moving cold air mass, it lifts a warm air mass, then collides with another cold air mass
- **20.** sinking air that moves in a clockwise direction in the northern hemisphere, usually associated with fair weather

## **Down**

- 1. a mass of cold dense air that displaces warm air
- **2.** local temperature of urban areas higher due to large expanses of concrete and asphalt
- 4. measures air pressure
- **7.** long term average of variations in the atmosphere for a particular area

- **8.** remnants of ancient plants that are typically burned for energy, releasing CO2 gas
- **9.** advancing warm air that rides up and over cold air
- **11.** the processes of photosynthesis, decomposition, and respiration, by which carbon as a component of various compounds cycles between its major reservoirs: the atmosphere, oceans, and living organisms
- **14.** an instrument that uses microwaves to detect the location, type and movement of precipitation
- **16.** measures humidity by finding the difference between the wet bulb and the dry bulb