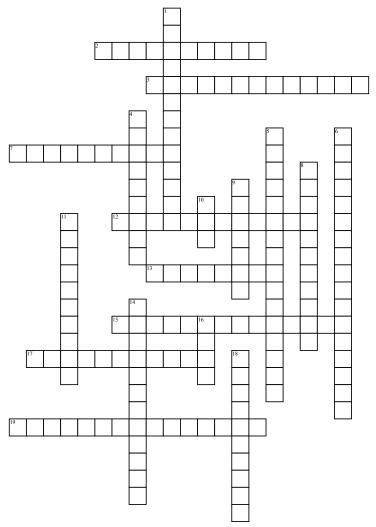
Name:	Date:	Period:

Cold War Vocab



Across

- 2. Divided West Berlin from East Berlin.
- **3.** 11 month crisis where Soviets blockaded Berlin and Allies sent supplies.
- **7.** Formed to combat NATO.
- **12.** Assistance program that provided food, machinery, and other materials to rebuild Western Europe.
- **13.** US and SU competed to have the best and most weapons. Example: Atomic Bomb.
- **15.** Provided aid (money, supplies) to Turkey and Greece to help rebuild after the war.
- **17.** U.S. foreign policy directed at stopping the spread of Communism.

19. Meeting between Allied nations (Great Britain, United States, Soviet Union) at the end of WWII in order to make important decisions regarding the future of the war and post-war world.

Down

- **1.** International organization designed to keep peace, solve political, social, cultural problems.
- **4.** US and SU competed to be the first and best in space.
- **5.** Nations under the influence and pressure of the Soviet Union.
- **6.** Meeting between Allied nations (Great Britain, United States, Soviet Union) to negotiate terms for the end of WWII.

- **8.** Represents the division between communist Eastern Europe and democratic Western Europe.
- **9.** Conflict between the United States and the Soviet Union in which no fighting ever took place.
- 10. Neither side will attack the other with their nuclear weapons because both sides are guaranteed to be totally destroyed in the conflict.
- 11. Keep Germany divided.
- **14.** Willingness to go to the edge, or 'brink' of war.
- 16. North Atlantic Treaty Organization.
- **18.** Soviets shot down a US U-2 spy plane and captured the pilot.

Word Bank

Buffer Zone Containment U-2 Incident Arms Race NATO **United Nations** Space Race Berlin Airlift Marshall Plan Iron Curtain Satellite nations Yalta Conference Potsdam Conference Cold War Truman Doctrine Warsaw Pact Berlin Wall Brinkmanship **MAD**