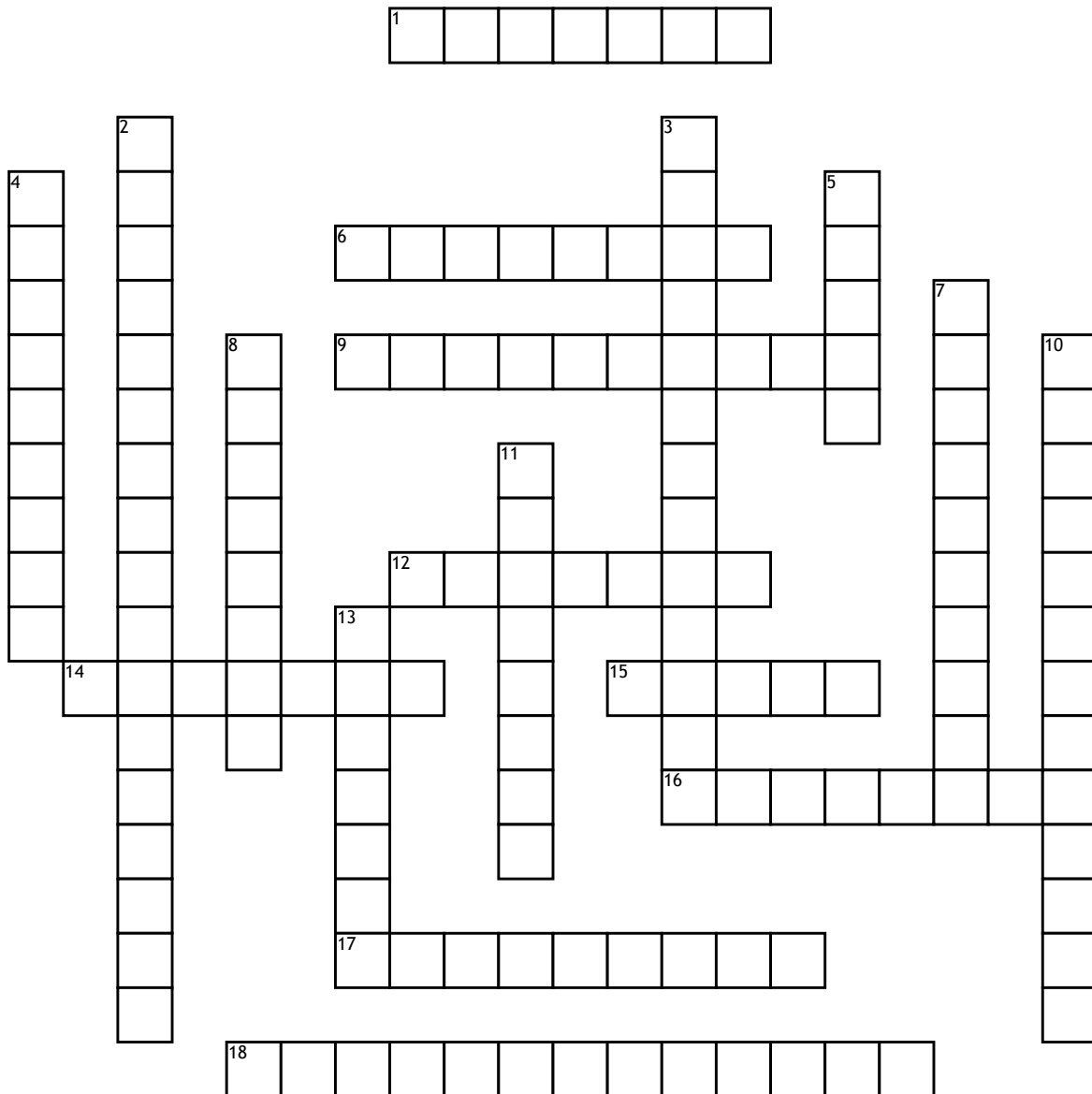


# College Business Law Chapter 10 & 11



**Across**

- 1. Both parties must agree to terms.
- 6. The contract must be for a lawful purpose.
- 9. Responding to the offer a certain way.
- 12. The two parties to the contract explicitly state all of the important terms of their agreement.
- 14. The words and conduct of the parties indicate that the parties intended to make an agreement.
- 15. Both parties must get something of measurable value from the contract.

- 16. The two parties must have bargained for whatever was exchanged and struck a deal.
- 17. Occurs when the main obligations of a contract end.
- 18. The inducement, price, or promise that causes a person to enter into a contract and forms the basis for the parties' exchange.

**Down**

- 2. Sometimes only one party enters a contract under a mistaken assumption.
- 3. Occurs when both parties negotiate based on the same factual error.

- 4. The noncompetition agreement must be part of a larger agreement.
- 5. When a person or company proposes a deal.
- 7. Cancellation of the offer.
- 8. When the law permits one party to terminate the agreement.
- 10. When the parties intend to form a valid bargain but some rule of law prevents enforcement.
- 11. The legal ability to enter into a contract.
- 13. To cancel a contract.