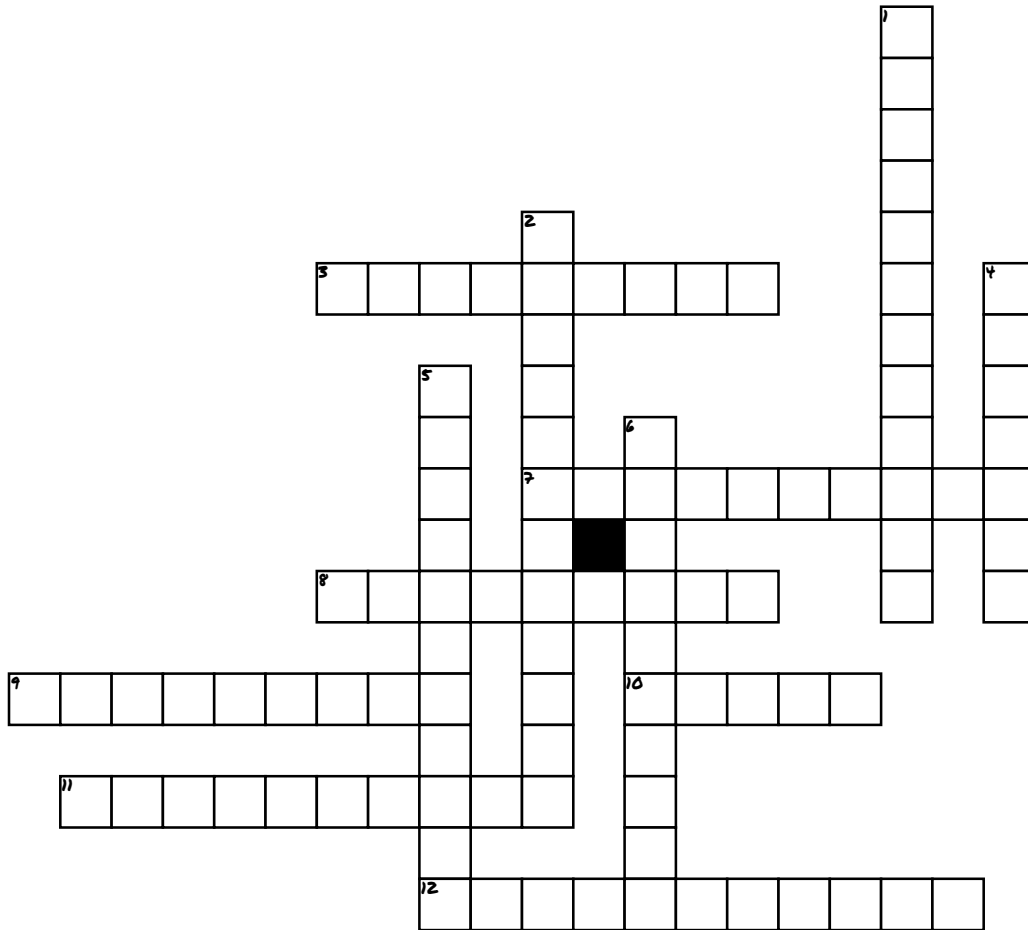


COMFORT/PAIN



ACROSS

- 3. THE AMOUNT OF PAIN A PERSON IS WILLING TO BEAR
- 7. OCCURS IN THE SPINAL CORD, CAUSING MUSCLES TO CONTRACT REFLEXIVELY, MOVING THE BODY AWAY FROM PAINFUL STIMULI
- 8. THE POINT AT WHICH A PERSON FEELS PAIN
- 9. THE MOST COMMON AND EFFECTIVE METHOD OF PAIN RELIEF
- 10. TYPE OF PAIN THAT IS PROTECTIVE AND HAS A SHORT DURATION

- 11. THE POINT AT WHICH A PERSON IS AWARE OF NOCICEPTIVE IMPULSES AND PERCEIVES PAIN
- 12. A TYPE OF PAIN THAT IS USUALLY DESCRIBED AS THROBBING, ACHING, AND LOCALIZED

DOWN

- 1. THE PROCESS WHEREBY AN ACTIVATED NOCICEPTOR CONVERTS ENERGY PRODUCED BY A STIMULI INTO AN ACTION POTENTIAL

- 2. OCCURS AS THE ELECTRICAL IMPULSE TRAVELS ALONG THE NERVE FIBERS, WHERE NEUROTRANSMITTERS REGULATE IT
- 4. A TYPE OF PAIN THAT CAN BE MALIGNANT OR NONMALIGNANT
- 5. DIRECTS A PATIENT'S ATTENTION TO SOMETHING OTHER THAN PAIN
- 6. CHRONIC PAIN THAT HAS NO KNOWN CAUSE

WORD BANK

- | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| ACUTE | NOCICEPTIVE | CHRONIC | TOLERANCE |
| MODULATION | THRESHOLD | TRANSMISSION | TRANSDUCTION |
| DISTRACTION | PERCEPTION | ANALGESIC | IDIOPATHIC |