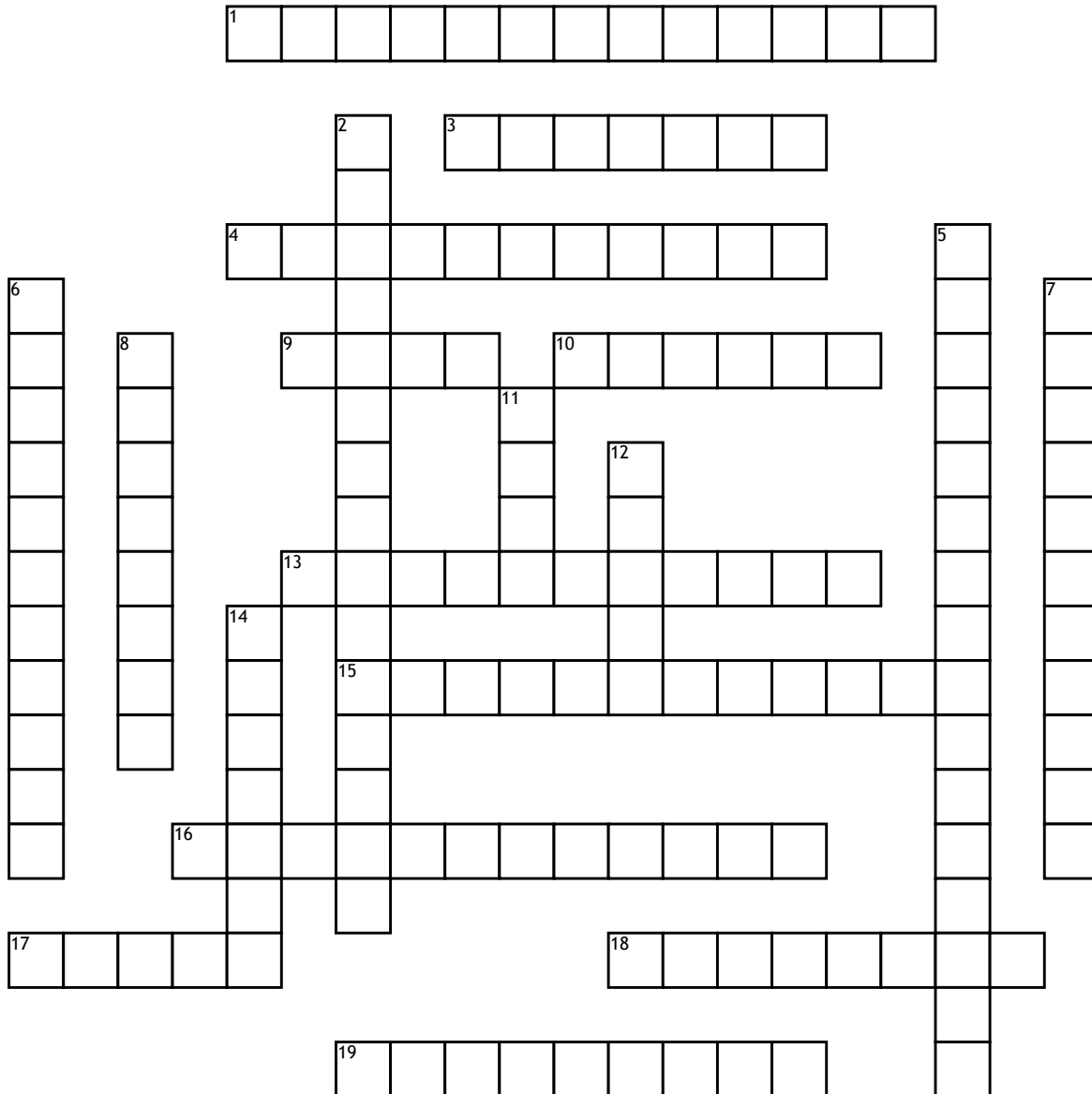


Common Literary Devices



Across

1. Audience knows key piece of information that the character does not.
3. This is the time and place in which the story takes place.
4. Occurs when the speakers intention is the opposite of what he or she is saying.
9. Evokes certain feelings or vibes in readers through words or descriptions.
10. Comparison of two unlike objects using the words "like" or "as"
13. Uses terms like (I, Me, My)

15. The repetition of the same consonant sounds as the beginning of the words.

16. Uses terms like (You)

17. The use of words to convey a meaning that is opposite of its literal meaning.

18. States that something is the other, does not use "like" or "as"

19. An over-exaggeration to emphasize a point to be humorous.

Down

2. Assigns the qualities of a person to something that isn't.

5. When the actual result of a situation is totally different from what you expect.

6. The leading character, hero, or heroine of a drama or other literary work.

7. Uses terms like (He, She, They)

8. Person who gives an account or tells the story of events or experiences.

11. This is used to describe the events that make a story.

12. The central idea explored in the story.

14. Used for language and description that appeals to our five senses.