

Name: _____

Conception

- | | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| 1. At conception, every human receives 46 of these | A. Fraternal twins |
| 2. Each chromosome has hundreds to thousands of these | B. Deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) |
| 3. Genes are made up of this complex molecule | C. infertility |
| 4. The stronger gene | D. Miscarriage |
| 5. the weaker gene | E. recessive |
| 6. The combination of chromosomes for a girl | F. condoms |
| 7. The Combination of chromosomes for a boy | G. Abstinence |
| 8. Two babies that develop from one ovum and one sperm | H. XY |
| 9. The most effective birth control method | I. Fetal alcohol syndrome |
| 10. Family planning that helps reduce STDs | J. Chromosomes |
| 11. When two eggs are released and fertilized by two sperm | K. down syndrome |
| 12. the inability to become pregnant | L. XX |
| 13. When the developing baby dies prior to the 20th week of pregnancy | M. Cleft lip |
| 14. If the baby dies after the 20th week of pregnancy | N. Prenatal tests |
| 15. Serious problems that threaten the health of babies | O. Identical twin |
| 16. allows for early detection of possible birth defects | P. Genes |
| 17. An incurable condition found in some children of mothers who consumed alcohol during pregnancy | Q. Cerebral palsy |
| 18. brain damage causing paralysis; a type of birth defect | R. birth defects |
| 19. a gap in the upper lip that causes problems eating, swallowing, etc. | S. Stillbirth |
| 20. a group of problems including mental retardation caused by an extra chromosome | T. dominant |