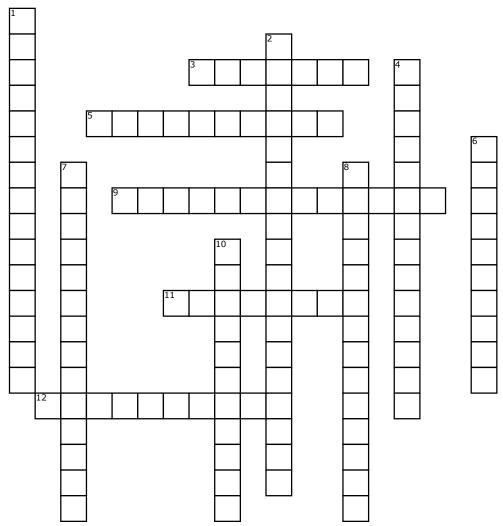
## **Conditional Statements**



## **Across**

- **3.** A \_\_\_\_ statement is the negation of the conditional statement ( $\sim p = > \sim q$ )
- **5.** A \_\_\_\_\_ is a conclusion reached
- **9.** A \_\_\_\_ statement which is a combination of a conditional statement and its converse; contains the phrase "If and only if"
- **11.** A \_\_\_\_ statement is the exchange of the hypothesis and conclusion (q => p)

**12.** In an if-then statement the conclusion follows THEN, which is the

## Down

- **1.** If the hypothesis of a true conditional is true, then the conclusion is true which is the
- **2.** What is a process of reasoning logically from given facts to a conclusion
- **4.** A \_\_\_\_\_ statement is the negation of a converse ( ~q => ~p)

- **6.** In an if-then statement the hypothesis is that part that follows the IF, which is a \_\_\_\_\_
- **7.** \_\_\_\_\_is used when you have two conditionals and the hypothesis of one matches the conclusion of the other.
- **8.** A \_\_\_\_ is a an example showing that a statement is false
- **10.** A \_\_\_\_ is an if-then statement (p => q)

## **Word Bank**

Conditional conclusion counterexample law of syllogism

Biconditional converse Conjecture law of detachment Deductive Reasoning Inverse hypothesis contrapositive