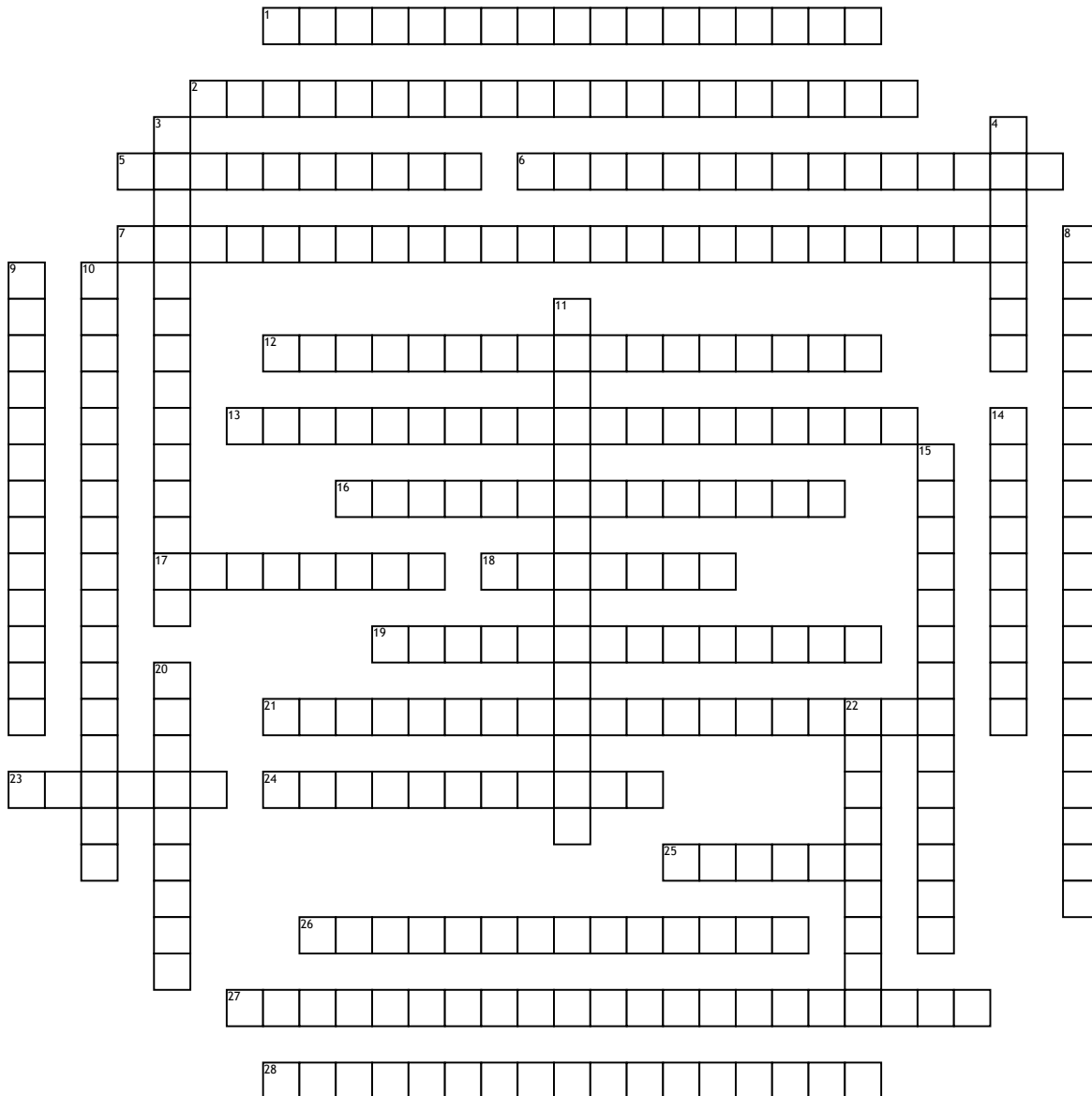


Congress/Elections



Across

1. The privilege of sending mail without paying for postage, usually given to members of Congress.
2. A legislature with 2 branches.
5. an action that "talks a bill to death" and only happens in the Senate.
6. System used to describe giving privileges to congressmen who have served the longest.
7. a 527 organization that pools campaign contributions from members and donates that money to campaigns.
12. A petition signed by members of the House to bring a bill from committee to the floor for debate.
13. A temporary committee established to iron out differences in legislation.
16. The head of the majority party.
17. A congressional directive that funds should be spent on a specific project.
18. A procedure for ending a debate and taking a vote; ends a filibuster.
19. Occurs when redistricting when a district is manipulated to favor a certain party or class.

21. A high ranking senator who acts in place of the vice president when necessary.

23. A meeting where members of a political party get together and express their preference for candidates running for office.
 24. Someone who elects another person to act for him; every voting person in America is this.
 25. An official count or survey taken every 10 years that helps determine how legislators should redistrict.
 26. A committee made of members from both the house and the Senate.
 27. Appropriations of funds by Congress for projects that serve the interests of districts they represent rather than the country as a whole.
 28. Permanent committees established in the Senate specializing in specific areas/subjects.
- Down**
3. The head of the minority party.
 4. A formal public reprimand for a violation or infraction usually given by members of the same group as the person who committed such an act.

8. A special committee of the House of Representatives that have the authority to set the rules of debate.
9. Happens every 10 years after a census and affects what school children in certain areas go to.
10. Is the presiding officer of the House of Representatives, is elected by a majority party caucus and runs the House's debate and proceedings.
11. A small committee established for a specific purpose such as the "_____ committee on intelligence in the house".
14. A legislator appointed by the party whose role is to ensure party discipline.
15. The person who presides over a committees meetings.
20. a politician who has held office before.
22. The review, monitoring, and supervision of federal agencies, program, activities, etc.