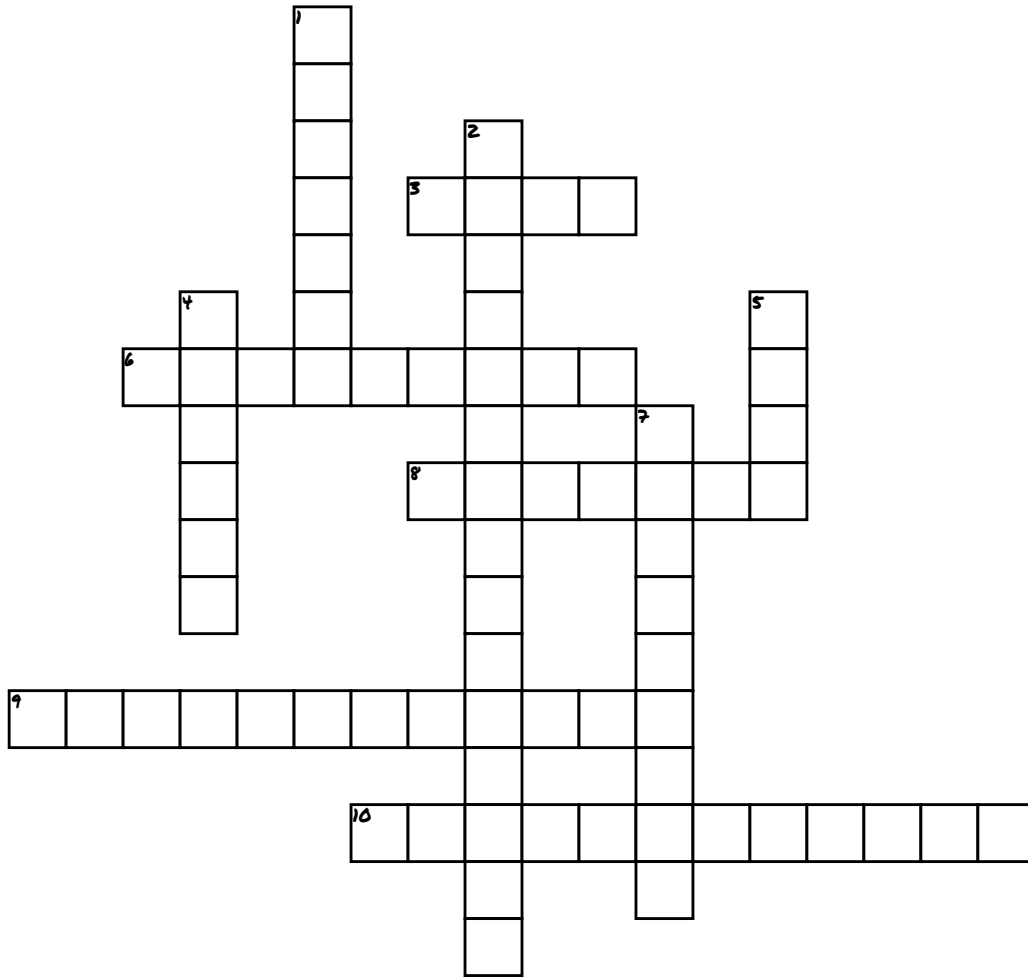


CONSTRUCTION



ACROSS

3. A SHELF OR SLAB OF STONE, WOOD, OR METAL AT THE FOOT OF A WINDOW OR DOORWAY.
6. ALSO CALLED DURAMEN, DEAD, CENTRAL WOOD OF TREES. ITS CELLS USUALLY CONTAIN TANNINS OR OTHER SUBSTANCES THAT MAKE IT DARK IN COLOUR AND SOMETIMES AROMATIC
8. THE SOFT OUTER LAYERS OF RECENTLY FORMED WOOD BETWEEN THE HEARTWOOD AND THE BARK, CONTAINING THE FUNCTIONING VASCULAR TISSUE.
9. DEFINED AS THIN, USUALLY ALUMINUM-FRAMED WALL, CONTAINING IN-FILLS OF GLASS, METAL PANELS, OR THIN STONE
10. A VERTICAL FRAMING MEMBER IN A BUILDING'S WALL OF SMALLER CROSS SECTION THAN A POST

DOWN

1. -A TIMBER OR METAL BEAM (JOIST) USED TO CREATE AN OPENING AROUND A STAIRWELL, SKYLIGHT, CHIMNEY
2. -A STRUCTURAL COMPONENT OF JUST ABOUT ANY BUILDING. IT PROVIDES LATERAL STABILITY PREVENTING COLLAPSE OF A WALL, DECK, ROOF
4. A BRICK OR STONE LAID AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE FACE OF A WALL.
5. AN UPRIGHT SUPPORT IN THE WALL OF A BUILDING TO WHICH SHEATHING, DRYWALL, ETC., ARE ATTACHED
7. THE FRAMING MEMBER AT THE BOTTOM OF A ROUGH OPENING FOR A WINDOW. IT IS ATTACHED TO THE CRIPPLE STUDS BELOW THE ROUGH OPENING

WORD BANK

TRIMMER

CURTAIN WALLS

DIAGONAL BRACING

HEADER

SILL

CRIPPLE STUDS

ROUGH SILL

SAP WOOD

STUD

HEARTWOOD