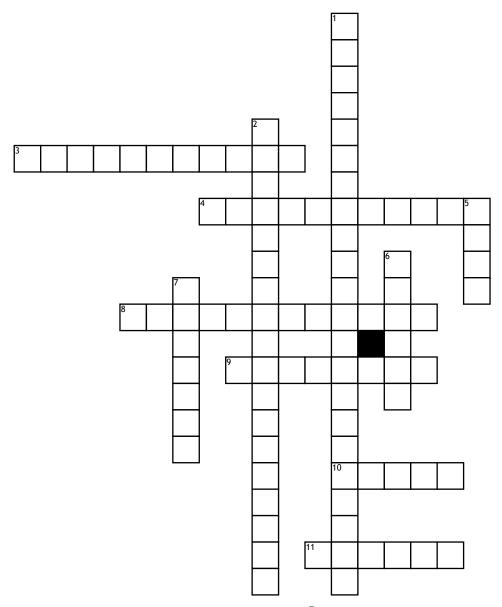
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## Contraceptives



## **Across**

- **3.** This is a small, transparent plastic ring that contains hormones and is inserted in the vagina. It does not protect against STIs.
- **4.** This contraceptive is smaller than the diaphragm and is shaped like a thimble. It must be used with spermicide.
- **8.** This contraceptive can be purchased over-the-counter and is inserted in the female 8 hours before sex
- **9.** This barrier method is placed inside the vagina to prevent sperm from reaching a female's egg, but does not protect against STIs. A doctor is needed.
- **10.** This contraceptive is worn for three weeks, then taken off for one week. It provides hormones.
- **11.** This is the most common type of contraceptive used and has best effectiveness against STIs

## <u>Down</u>

- 1. This method will stop you from getting pregnant after you have had unprotected sex. The most common is called "Morning After"
- **2.** This contraceptive is commonly abbreviated "IUD". There are two forms: hormonal and copper-based. It can be kept in the female 5-10 years
- **5.** This type of contraceptive can offer either a combined form of estrogen and progestin OR just the hormone progestin
- **6.** This contraceptive is a round-shaped foam that is soaked in spermicide. It does not protect against STIs.
- 7. This contraceptive method is inserted in the arm and can last for three years. It slowly releases progesterone in your body at a steady pace