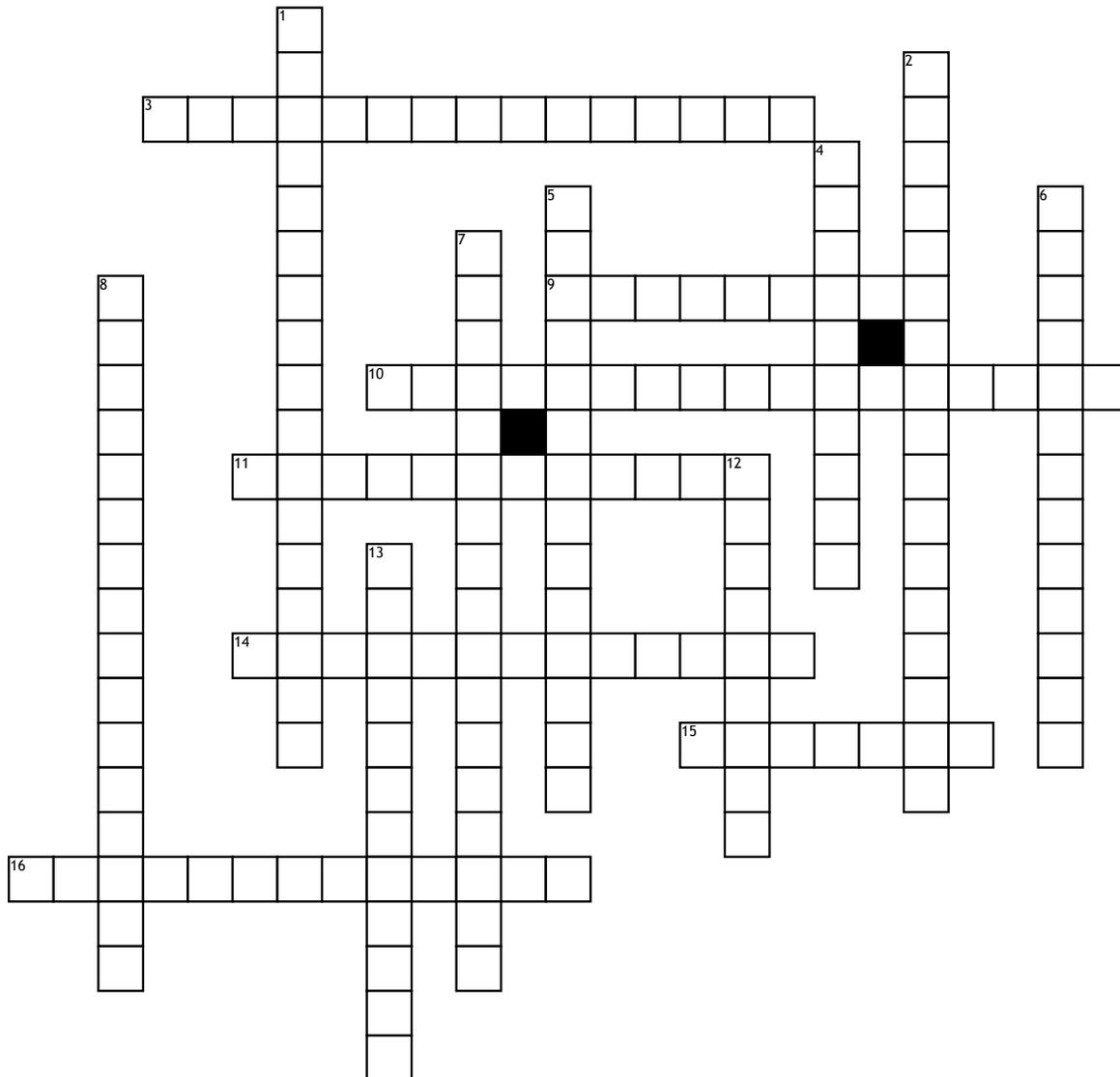


Contract law



Across

3. A contract in which the agreement is reached by the parties' actions rather than their words.

9. Any meeting of the minds resulting in a mutual assent to do or refrain from doing something.

10. The body of law governing contracts for goods or products; based on the Uniform Commercial Code.

11. An action terminating an offer whereby the offeree rejects the original offer and proposes a new offer with different terms.

14. A contract that has necessary elements and, thus, can be enforceable.

15. In contract law, an erroneous belief that is not in accord with the existing facts.

16. A classification that permits a contract to be enforceable in cases where was no express or implied contract exists and one party suffers losses as a result of another party's unjust enrichment.

Down

1. A contract involving two promises and two performances.

2. An erroneous belief held by only one party about a basic assumption in the terms of an agreement

4. The offeree's expression of agreement to the terms of the offer. The power of acceptance is created by a valid offer.

5. The body of law governing contracts for services or real estate.

6. An erroneous belief held by both parties that concerns a basic assumption on which a contract was made.

7. A contract that is created when the parties have knowingly and intentionally agreed on the promises and performances.

8. A contract that one party may, at its option, either disaffirm or enforce.

12. An action terminating an offer whereby the offeree rejects the offer outright prior to acceptance.

13. 9. A contract that lacks one or more of the basic required elements of a contract or that has not been formed in conformance with the law from the outset of the agreement and, thus, cannot be enforced by either party.