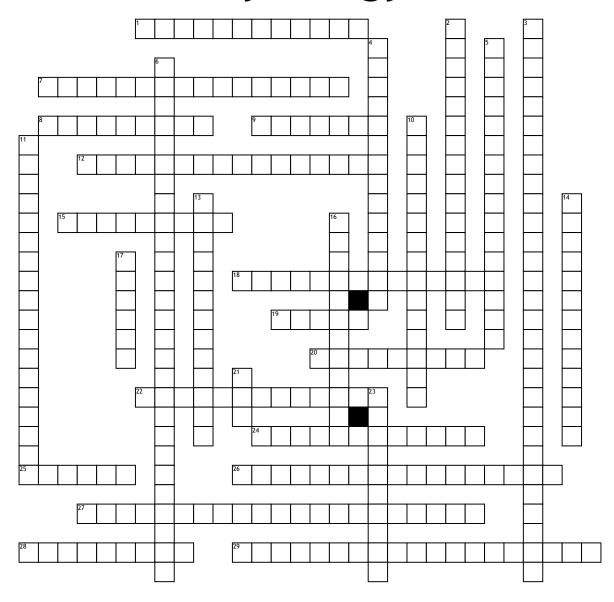
Name:	Date:	

Cytology



Across

- 1. Most common type of muscle
- 7. Type of tissue that includes connective tissue, cartilage, bone, blood
- **8.** The part of the skeleton that is found on the ends of bones and between bones that provides support and flexibility while minimizing friction
- 9. Windpipe
- **12.** Forms the shiny substance at the end of a chicken or turkey leg bone, ends of ribs, nose, trachea, and larynx
- 15. Blast cells are also called:
- **18.** Tissue found between vertebrae and in discs in knee joint
- **19.** The hollow inside portion of a body cavity or tube
- **20.** The study of tissues
- 22. Bone is also known as

- **24.** Class of tissue that has the ability to transmit information using electric signals
- 25. Voicebox
- **26.** Cube shaped epithelia
- **27.** This category of tissue includes areolar, reticular, and adipose tissue
- **28.** Tissues that cover the body and line cavities inside the body:
- **29.** Multiple layers of epithelia **Down**
- **2.** Tissue found in external ear and epiglottis
- 3. Highly elastic tissue that is found in the walls of airways and large arteries
- **4.** These fibers are strong and resist stretching
- 5. Tall skinny epethelia
- 6. The surface of our skin is made of

- 10. Single layer of epithelia
- 11. Flat epethelia
- **13.** These fibers give springiness and elasticity to tissues
- 14. The heart is made mostly of
- 16. Made of actin and myosin
- **17.** Specialized epithelia that produce and excrete substances
- 21. The greek word -bud means:
- **23.** Flap of tissue in throat that prevents food and water from entering lungs