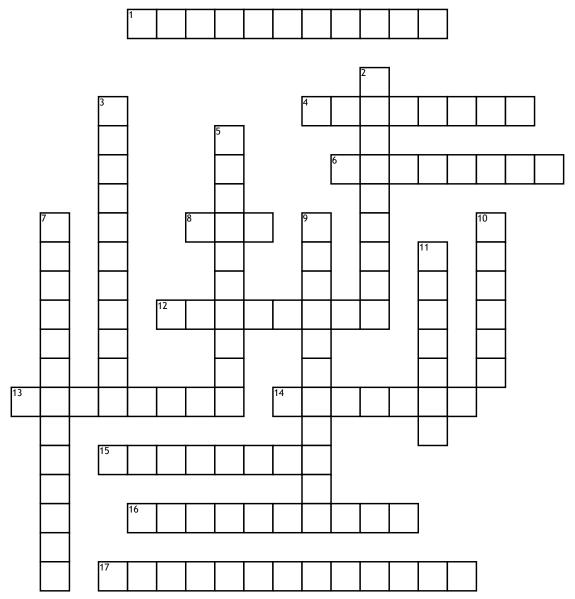
Name:	Date:
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Dental Radiology Chapters 3 and 8



Across

- **1.** A higher kV produces x-rays with more _____ ability.
- **4.** The difference in degrees of blackness between adjacent areas on a dental image
- **6.** The unsharp or blurred edges of a dental image is termed
- **8.** ___space appears most radiolucent on a dental image
- **12.** The number of x-rays produced in the dental x-ray unit
- **13.** The number of electrons that pass through a conductor; the strength of the electrical current

- **14.** The mean energy or penetrating ability of the x-ray beam
- **15.** ____time, the interval of time during which x-rays are produced
- **16.** Refers to a variation in the true size and shape of the object being imaged
- 17. Refers to an image that appears larger than the actual size of the object it represents Down
- **2.** The total energy of the x-ray beam

- **3.** In dental imaging, the x-ray tube peak voltage used during an exposure
- **5.** The portion of the image that is light or white
- 7. In dental imaging, the quantity of x-rays emitted through the tubehead
- **9.** The portion of the image that is dark or black
- **10.** If the target receptor beam is doubled the resultant beam will be one _____ as intense
- **11.** The overall darkness or blackness of an image