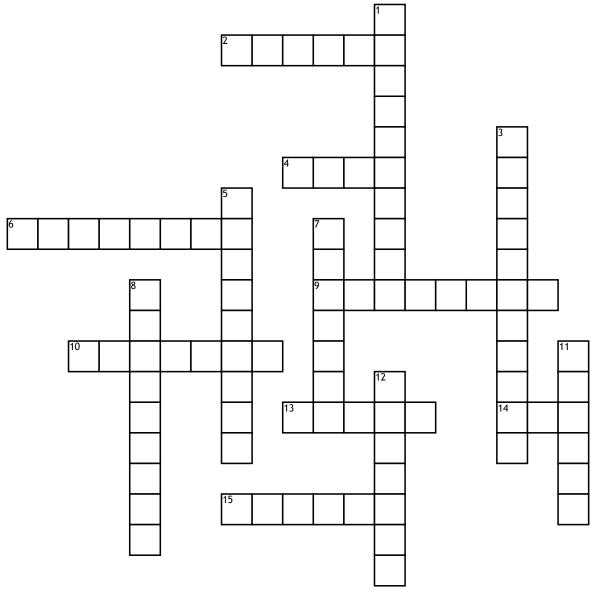
Discovering the UNIVERSE



Across

- 2. THE OUTERMOST LAYER OF THE SUN'S ATMOSPHERE
- 4. THE CENTRAL PORTION OF ANY ASTRONOMICAL OBJECT
- 6. THE ANUAL PATH OF THE SUN ON THE CELESTIAL SPHERE; THE PLANE OF EARTH'S ORBIT AROUND THE SUN
- 9. THE POINT IN ITS ORBIT WHERE A PLANET OR SOLAR SYSTEM BODY IS FARTHEST FROM THE SUN
- 10. THE TENDENCY OF ALL MATTER AND ENERGY TO ATTRACT ALL OTHER MATTER

- 13. THE CENTRAL, COMPLETELY DARK PORTION OF A SHADOW 14. SUPERMASSIVE BLACK HOLES IN THE CORES OF SOME GALAXIES THAT EMIT PARTICLES AND RADIATION
- **15.** A STARLIKE OBJECT WITH A VERY LARGE REDSHIFT

<u>Down</u>

- 1. THE DISTANCE BETWEEN TWO SUCCESSIVE PEAKS IN A WAVE
- 3. A VERY COMPACT, DENSE STELLAR REMNANT COMPOSED ALMOST ENTIRELY OF NEUTRONS
- 5. THE GRADUAL
 ACCUMULATION OF MATTER BY
 AN ASTRONOMICAL BODY,
 USUALLY CAUSED BY GRAVITY
 7. THE SEQUENCE OF STELLAR
 SPECTRAL CLASSIFICATIONS FROM
 HOTTEST TO COOLEST STARS
 8. HYPOTHETICAL PERFECT
 RADIATOR THAT ABSORBS AND
 REEMITS ALL RADIATION FALLING
 UPON IT
- 11. THE POINT IN A CELESTIAL SPHERE DIRECTLY OVERHEAD
 12. TYPE OF PULSATING STAR WITH A PERIOD LESS THAN 1 DAY