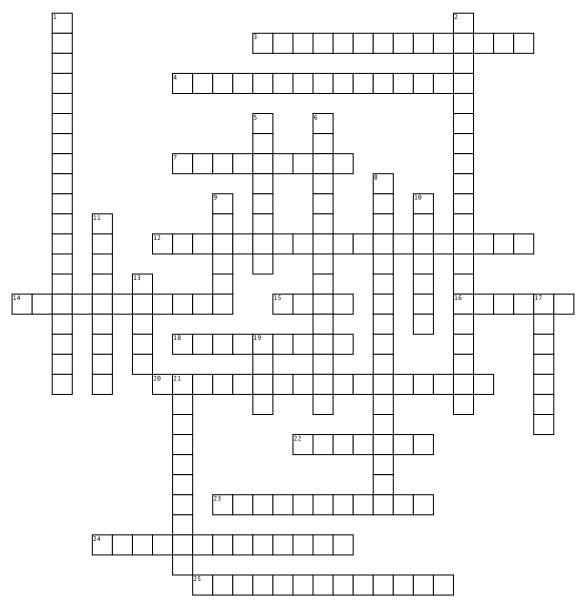
Name:	 Date:	

ELECTRICITY



Across

- ARE COMMON ON HOMES AND BARNES IN THE COUNTRY
- THE RATE AT WHICH ELECTRICAL ENERGY IS PRODUCED OR USED
- 7. A MATERIAL THAT LETS ELECTRONS MOVE
- ${\bf 12.}$ A FLOW OF ELECTRONS THAT ALTERNATES IN DIRECTION INA AN ELECTRIC CIRCUIT
- 14. A GENERATOR IS USED TO CREATE
- 15. A DEVICE THAT CONVERTS CHEMICAL ENERGY INTO ELECTRICAL ENERGY
- 16. A DEVICE IN AN ELECTRIC CIRCUIT THAT CONTROLS THE FLOW OF ELECTRONS BY OPENING (OR CLOSING) THE CIRCUIT
- 18. A MATERIAL THAT DOES NOT EASILY 5. YOU CHARGE SOMETHING BY ALLOW THE MOVEMENT OF ELECTRONS THROUGH IT WITH ANOTHER OBJECT

- 20. NATURABLE ENERGY RESOURCE THAT IS UNLIMETED OR CAN BE REPLENISHED BY NATURAL PROCCESS
- 22. ANY BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL
- 23. AN ELECTRIC CELL THAT MAY INLY BE
- 24. A FLOW OF ELECTRONS IN ONE DIRECTION THROUGH AN ELCTRIC CIRCUIT
- 25. AN ELECTRIC CELL THAT CAN BE RECHARGED

<u>Down</u>

- 1. A LIST OF MATERIALS ARRANGED IN ORDER OF THEIR TENDANCY TO GAIN ELCTRONS
- 2. A RESOURCE THAT CANNOT BE REPLACE AS QUICKLY AS IT IS CONSUMED

- 6. the rate at which electrical energy is produced or used
- 8. THE RAPID TRANSFER OF ELECTRIC CHARGE ONE OBJECT TO ANOTHER
- $\boldsymbol{9}$. THE ENERGY PROVIDED BY THE FLOW OF ELECTRONS IN AN ELECTRIC CIRCUIT
- 10. WHO IS THE INVENTOR OF AN AC
- 11. IS AN ELECTRIC DISCHARGE THAT OCCURS BETWEEN CLOUDS OR BETWEEN CLOUDS AND TGHE GROUND
- 13. ELECTRICITY IN HOUSES IT CONDUCTED THROUGH
- 17. A CONTINUOUS PATH IN WHICH ELECTRONS CAN FLOW
- 19. THE PART OF AN ELECTRIC CIRCUIT THAT CONVERTS ELECTRICAL ENERGY INTO OTHER FORMS OF ENERGY
- **21.** COMPARISON OF ENERGY OUTPUT OF A DEVICE WITH THE ENERGY SUPPLEID