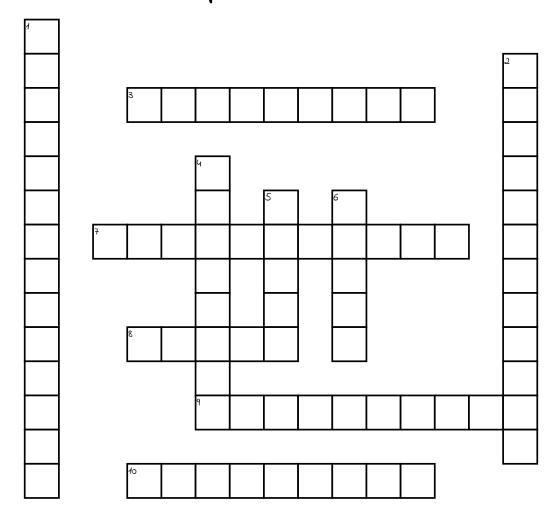
Name:	Date:	Period:	

Earthquake Review



<u>Across</u>

- 3. A fault is a thin zone of crushed rock separating blocks of the earth's crust
- 7. wide belt around Earth on the side opposite the focus of the earthquake
- 8. The secondary seismic wave
- 9. Plates overcome friction causing plates to move
- 10. the central point of something or the point of the Earth's surface right above the focus of an earthquake

<u> Down</u>

- 1. theory that is an explanation for how energy is spread during earthquakes
- 2. a seismic wave that travels along or parallel to the earth's surface (distinguished from body wave)
- 4. is a seismic wave that moves through the interior of the earth, as opposed to surface waves that travel near the earth's surface
- 5. The first type of seismic wave
- 6. Point on the fault at which the first movement occurs

Word Bank

Surface waves S-wave

Focus Body wave

Earthquake Shadow Zones

Epicenter Fault Zone

P-wave Elastic Rebound