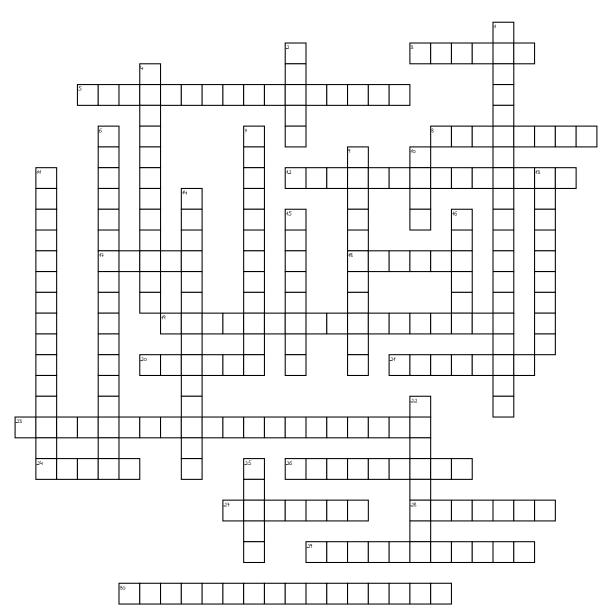
Name:	Date:

Economics



<u>Across</u>

- 3. business people decide what to produce based on what they believe consumers will buy
- 5. machines, tools, buildings
- 8. activities done for others for a fee
- 12. people that produce
- 17. specialization and comparative advantage lowers prices
- $\textit{18.}\$ the quantity of a good consumers are willing to buy at various prices
- 19. people produce most of what they need to survive by hunting, gathering, farming, and herding
- 20. the quantity of goods producers are willing to sell at various prices $% \left\{ 1,2,\ldots,n\right\}$
- 21. government controls what goods are produced how they cost
- 23. ABILITY OF A COUNTRY TO PRODUCE A PRODUCT AT A LOWER OPPORTUNITY COST THAN ANOTHER COUNTRY

- 24. government uses money to pay for services
- 26. the rise of prices of products over a period of time
- 27. goods sold to another country
- 28. goods sold from another country to the US
- ${\bf 29.}$ economic rule stating that as the price rises for a good, the quantity supplied rises
- 30. provided by nature

Down

- 1. AMOUNT OF DEPOSITS BANKS ARE REQUIRED TO KEEP IN THEIR VAULT
- 2. things people buy
- 4. interest rate the fed charges its bank to borrow money
- 6. ABILITY OF ONE COUNTRY USING THE SAME QUAINTITY OF RESOURCES AS ANOTHER COUNTRY, TO PRODUCE A PARTICULAR PRODUCT AT LESS COST.

- 7. federal governments use of taxation and spending policies to affect overall business activity
- $\boldsymbol{9.}$ economic rue which states that the quantity demanded and price moves in opposite directions
- 10. accumulation of all the past deficit budgets
- 11. value of the next best alternative given up for the alternative that was chosen
- 13. study of why people make one choice rather than another when buying selling spending, and saving
- 14. policy that involves changing the rate of growth of the supply of money in circulation to affect the amount of credit
- 15. state in which people do not and cannot
- 16. government uses of a budget to plan how it wants to spend its money $% \left\{ 1,2,\ldots,n\right\}$
- 22. when income is less than spending in any one budget
- 25. individuals make some economic decisions and the government makes others