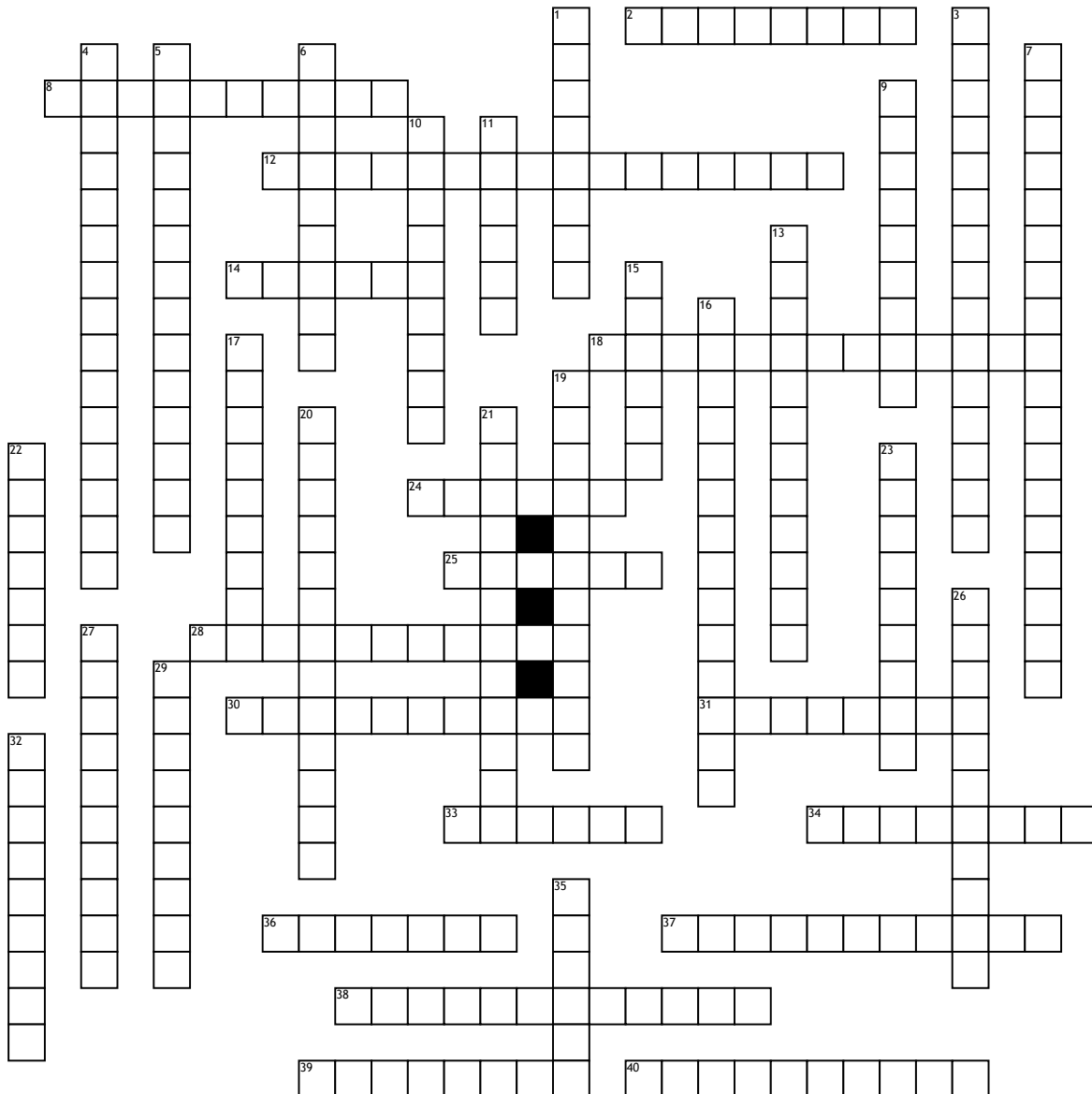


Name: _____

Date: _____

Economics



Across

- 2. rate at which money changes hands
- 8. elasticity is negative
- 12. numbers -infinity
- 14. _____ do not shift supply and demand curves
- 18. increase government spending, decreased taxes
- 24. prices don't rise fast, high demand for money, low velocity
- 25. substitute prices, expectation of future price, income, complement prices
- 28. income: 0
- 30. one of the sectors of the food industry
- 31. income: <0
- 33. velocity is higher, prices rise faster, recession
- 34. understand the structure of economics and for theories
- 36. numbers -1, -infinity

- 37. financial and trade relationships
 - 38. government spending and taxation
 - 39. central banks control over interest rates and money supply
 - 40. elasticity is positive
- Down**
- 1. analyzing and interpreting economic events
 - 3. asses the state of the economy and test theory
 - 4. decrease government spending, increase taxes
 - 5. change in money supply, government closes
 - 6. downward phase of the business cycle, high unemployment
 - 7. numbers from 0
 - 9. gain of value of the dollar
 - 10. income: 0,-1

- 11. velocity is very fast, demand is falling, prices rise higher, depression
- 13. exports exceed imports
- 15. income: >1
- 16. study of the structure and performance of national economics and policies
- 17. loss of value to the dollar
- 19. prediction of future economic trends
- 20. no relationship in trade
- 21. imports exceed exports
- 22. number -1
- 23. numbers from 0,-1
- 26. summing economic variables
- 27. correction of inflation over years
- 29. exists when few sellers dominate the market
- 32. wages and prices adjust slowly, used today, gov't involvement
- 35. substitute prices, technology, cost of production, number of firms