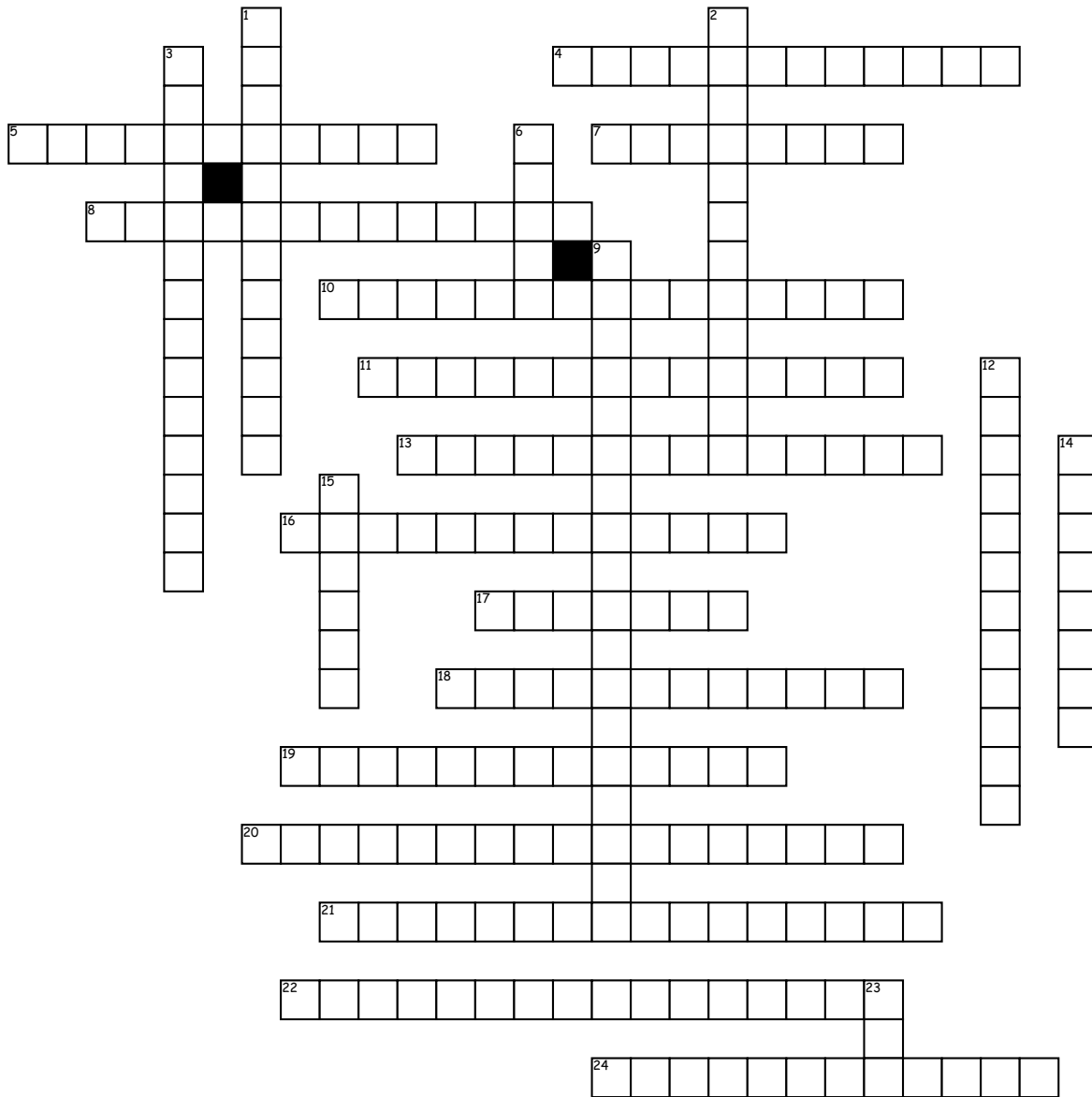


Economics!



Across

- 4. The part of the economy owned and operated by the national government.
- 5. Citizens who start their own business
- 7. Able to read and write one's native language
- 8. The part of the economy owned and operated by private citizens
- 10. Gifts of nature
- 11. Economic model where the government planners control all business and financial decisions.
- 13. Trade in which both partners freely agree to and benefit from the exchange of goods/services.
- 16. Economic Model which the law of supply and demand chooses what is produced and sold and at what cost.

- 17. Trade barrier which blocks all trade with another country.
- 18. Any activity which slows or outright blocks the free exchange of goods and services between nations.
- 19. The worker of a country
- 20. A 0 - 100 scale which ranks world economies from most command to most market .
- 21. Converting one nation's money into an equivalent value/quantity of another's
- 22. The level of wealth and material comfort available to people
- 24. The knowledge, skills, and relative health of the nation's labor force.

Down

- 1. The percentage of a nation's population over the age of 15 who are able to read and write

- 2. Term used to describe the market/command blending of all modern world economies.
- 3. Focusing on a narrow range of products/services that can be produced most efficiently and cost-effectively.
- 6. Trade barrier which places a limit on imported goods.
- 9. Economic model where customs, habits and history make the economic decisions.
- 12. The factories, machinery, and technology that are necessary to sustain a service or industry.
- 14. A nation's money
- 15. Trade barrier which placed a tax on imported goods.
- 23. Estimated total value of all the goods and services produced in a nation in a year's time