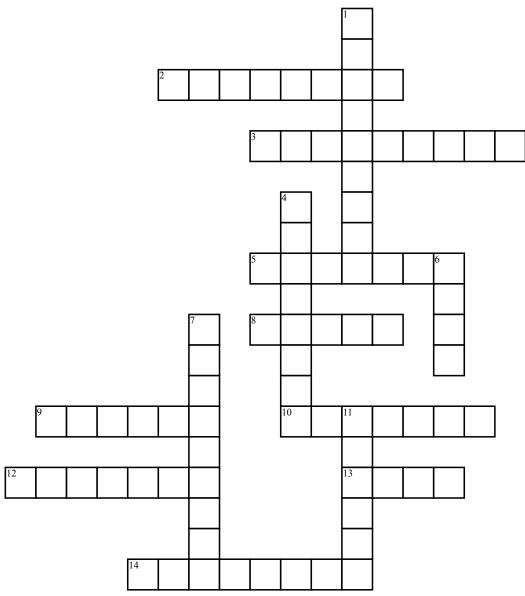
Name:	Date:
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## Electricity



## Across

- **2.** Type of static commonly seen when ice particles in clouds have rubbed together over time.
- 3. Holds charge in one place
- **5.** Like the flow of a river or the flow of electrons through a conductor.
- **8.** Potential Difference is measured in
- **9.** Type of electricity generated from friction.

- **10.** Time must always be converted to \_\_\_\_\_when making calculations.
- **12.** Current in a circuit can be read using an
- 13. Current is measured in
- **14.** Terminal of the battery where the electrons arrive back to after flowing through a circuit.

## Down

- **1.** A material that allows electricity to flow freely through it.
- 4. "The charge passing through the resistor was 20

"," said Rafael.

**6.** Charge over a period of allows one to calculate current.

7. Negative charges that pass through a circuit are known as

11. Measured in Coulombs