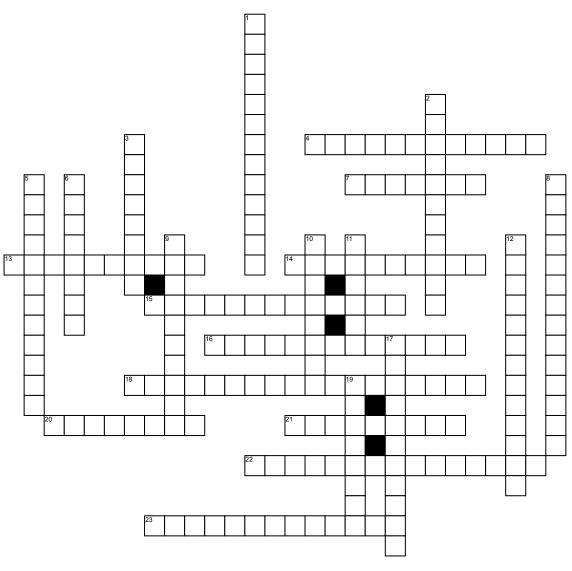
## **Endocrine System Puzzle**



## <u>Across</u>

4. a low blood glucose level

7. monosaccharide, primary energy source for body cells

13. hypersecretion of growth hormone in adult, resulting in excessive growth of bones of the face, hands, & feet14. the pituitary gland

**15.** a hormone secreted by the thyroid gland that increases energy production & protein synthesis

**16.** a decrease in secretion of

hormones, or low amounts secreted **18.** the endocrine portions of the pancreas that secrete insulin & glucagon

**20.** the condition of being abnormally small, caused by deficiency of growth hormone

**21.** cells of islets of Langerhans of the pancreas that secrete the hormone insulin

**22.** having the same effects as sympathetic impulses, as has epinephrine

23. a high blood calcium level
24. hypersecretion of thyroxine, believed to be autoimmune disease, symptoms reflect the metabolic rate Down

1. the conversion of stored glycogen to glucose to be sued for energy production

2. the conversion of glucose to glycogen to be stored as potential energy

drowsiness, laziness, or indifferent
 a low blood calcium level

6. polysaccharide, storage of excess glucose in liver and or muscle
8. an increase in secretion of hormones, or high amounts secreted
9. cells of ISlets of Langerhans of the pancreas that secrete hormone glucagon

hyposecretion of thyroxine in an adult, decreased metabolic rate results in physical & mental lethargy
 an enlargment of the thyroid gland, due to lack of dietary iodine

**12.** a high blood glucose level

17. the organ in which a hormone

exerts its specific effects

**19.** excessive growth of the body or its parts; result of hypersecretion of growth hormone in childhood