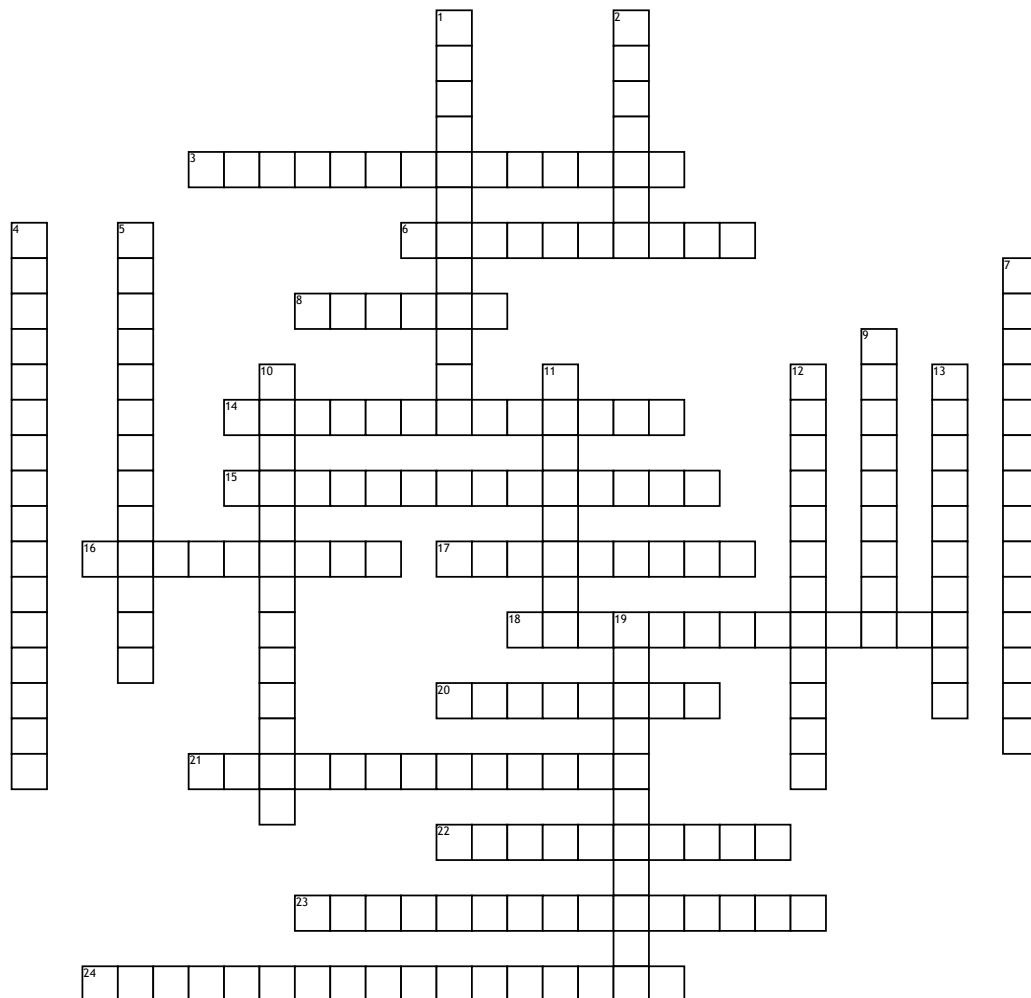


Name: _____ Date: _____ Period: _____

Endocrine System Terminology



Across

3. An increase in secretion of hormones, or high amount secreted
 6. Cells of islets of langerhans of the pancreas that secrete the hormone glucagon
 8. And enlargement of the thyroid gland, due to the lack of dietary iodine
 14. A high blood calcium level
 15. A hormone secreted by the adrenal medulla that causes vasoconstriction throughout the body, Raise blood pressure and stressful situation
 16. Cells of islets of langerhans of the pancreas that secrete the hormone insulin
 17. A hormone secreted by the thyroid gland that increases energy production and protein synthesis
 18. A high blood glucose level

20. The condition of being abnormally small, caused by growth deficiency hormone
 21. A hormone secreted by anterior pituitary gland that increases the rate of cell division and protein synthesis
 22. The pituitary gland
 23. Having the same affects of sympathetic impulses, as has epinephrine
 24. Hormones released by the hypothalamus that stimulate secretion of hormones by the anterior pituitary gland

Down

1. A low blood calcium level
 2. Monosaccharide, primary energy source for body cells
 4. Hypersecretion of the hormones of adrenal cortex, characterized by Low blood pressure, dehydration, muscle weakness, and mental lethargy.

5. Hypersecretion of thyroxine, Believed to be autoimmune disease, symptoms reflect the metabolic rate
 7. Epinephrine and norepinephrine, Hormone secreted by the adrenal Medulla
 9. Hypersecretion of thyroxine in an infant, uncorrected, result in severe mental and physical retardation
 10. A Decrease in secretion of hormones, or low amounts secreted
 11. Drowsiness, laziness, or indifference
 12. A low blood glucose level
 13. Hypersecretion of growth hormone an adult, resulting in excessive growth of bones in the face, hands, and feet
 19. A hormone secreted by the adrenal Medulla that stimulates many responses To enable the body to react to a stressful situation

Word Bank

Acromegaly	Hyposecretion	Cretinism	Releasing hormones	Dwarfism
Thyroxine	Catacholamines	Epinephrine	Sympathomimetic	Hypophysis
Growth hormone	Norepinephrine	Glucose	Hyperglycemia	Lethargy
Hypoglycemia	Addison's disease	Hypocalcemia	Graves disease	Hypercalcemia
Hypersecretion	Alpha cells	Beta cells	Goiter	