$\qquad$

## Equation Terms



## Across

3. A symbol representing a mathematical operation
4. The form of an expression after like terms have been combined; equivalent to the original expression.
5. Terms that contain the exact same variables raised to the same exponents, possibly with different coefficients.
6. A $\qquad$ can have constants,
variables and the exponents, $0,1,2,3, \ldots$ But it never has division by a variable
7. A symbol for unknown value
8. Differential equations that do not satisfy the definition of linear are non-linear.
9. Any value of a variable that makes the specified equation true.
10. either a single number, a variable, or numbers and/or variables multiplied together

## Down

1. A set of values from which to find a solution.
2. The number is called the reciprocal of a . When a is multiplied by its reciprocal, the result is 1 .
3. An equation that contains one or more variables.
4. A differential equation is called linear if there are no multiplications among dependent variables and their derivatives. In other words, all coefficients are functions of independent variables.
5. A number that is multiplied by a variable
6. For a non-linear differential equation, if there are no multiplications among all dependent variables and their derivatives in the highest derivative term
7. A mathematical sentence starting that two expressionsmare equal
8. A set with no members; also called the null set. Denoted $\varnothing$.
9. The $\qquad$ says how many times to use the value in a multiplication
10. A number on its own
11. A term or a combination of terms and operators
12. A set with no members; also called the empty set. Denoted $\varnothing$.
