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## Erosion



## Across

1. a mound or ridge of sand or other loose sediment formed by the wind,
2. a long, narrow sandbank, especially at the mouth of a river.
3. natural feature of the solid surface
4. an area of relatively level high ground.
5. transportation of sediments from one place to another
6. water falling from a height, formed when a river or stream flows over a precipice or steep incline.
7. narrow valley between hills or mountains, typically with steep rocky walls and a stream running through it.
8. tiny pieces or rocks, mud, clay, minerals and other small debris.
9. a flat, sweeping landmass that generally does not change much in elevation.
10. a hot spring in which water intermittently boils
11. force that attracts a body toward the center of the earth
12. large natural elevation of the earth's surface rising abruptly from the surrounding level; a large steep hill.

## Down

2. naturally raised area of land, not as high or craggy as a mountain
3. a circumscribed area within which the rock strata dip toward the center.
4. isolated hill with steep, often vertical sides and a small, relatively flat top
5. a triangular tract of sediment deposited at the mouth of a river, typically where it diverges into several oútlets.
6. deep cleft between escarpments or cliffs
7. a large underground chamber, typically of natural origin, in a hillside or cliff.
8. a small sheltered bay.
9. a small freshwater lake near a larger lake or river.
10. the ocean floor.
11. steep rock face, especially at the edge of the sea.
12. mountain or hill, having a crater or vent through which lava, fragments, vapor are being or have been erupted from the earth's crust.
13. water, ice, gravity, and wind
14. a low area of land between hills or mountains, typically with a river or stream flowing through it.
15. accumulation of ice and snow
16. a piece of land almost surrounded by water or projecting out into a body of water. 22. a piece of land surrounded by water.
