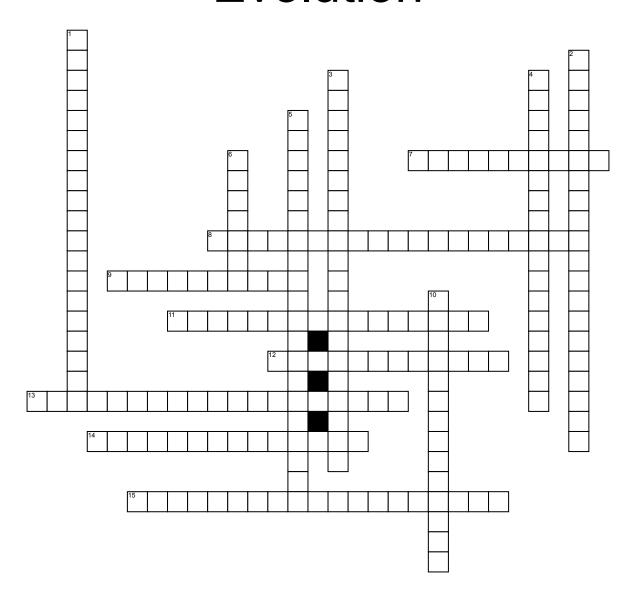
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Evolution



Across

- **7.** A characteristic that help an organism survive.
- **8.** A structure that is present in an organism but no longer serves its original purpose.
- **9.** The formation of a new species.
- **11.** The process by which heritable traits increase an organism's chances of survival and reproduction.
- **12.** Evolution in which allele frequencies of a population change over generation; more common in small populations.

- **13.** A selection that increases the number of individuals with extreme phenotypes.
- **14.** Large scale evolutionary change over long periods of time.
- **15.** Organism not closely related evolve similar traits as a result of adapting to similar habitats.

Down

- **1.** Structures that do not have a common evolutionary origin but are similar in function.
- **2.** Structures that have different mature forms in different organisms but develop from the same embryonic tissues.

- **3.** A selection that increases the number of individuals with an intermediate phenotype.
- **4.** When one species involved into many because of their environment.
- **5.** A selection that one extreme phenotype is favored over another/ recent increase in antibiotic-resistant bacteria.
- **6.** The ability of an organism to survive and reproduce.
- **10.** Evolution that we can see in action during a short amount of time.