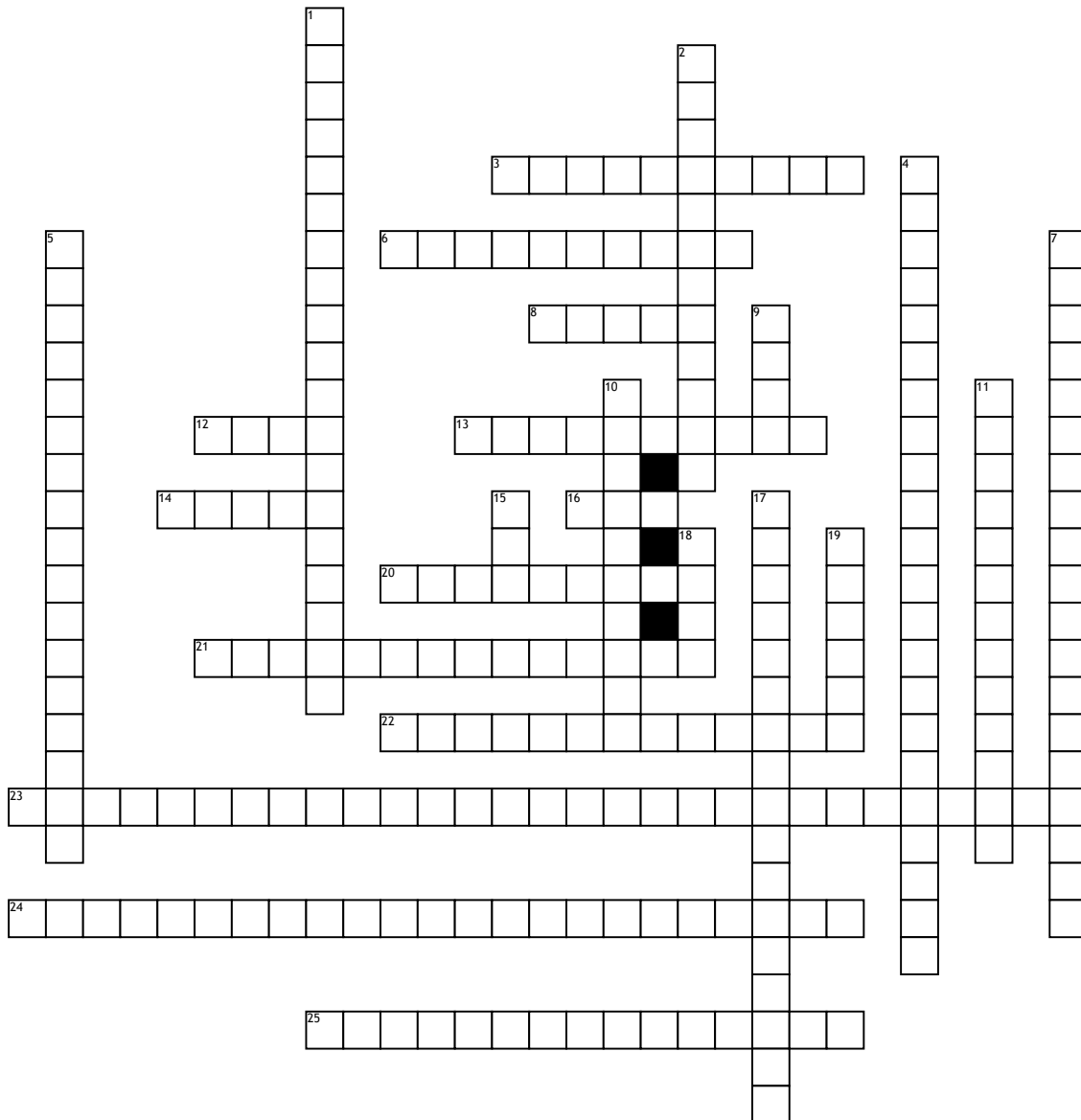


Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# Exam 3 Vocabulary



## Across

3. Providing health services using technology such as a computer or phone

6. The science of biomechanics that is designed to prevent injury of muscles and joints

8. This area is defined based on population size, density or proximity to larger metropolitan areas

12. Public Health Centers funded through government resources

13. This type of exposure includes bacteria, viruses and microorganisms

14. Defined by the U. S. Census Bureau, this area has densely settled core of census tracts

16. Program that supplies care and support for women that have or are expecting children

20. The effort to create employment in the field of renewable and efficient energy production

21. The largest urban metropolitan areas

22. A movement which emphasizes social justice and equality with local community participation

23. Examples include HIV, gonorrhea and chlamydia

24. The process of using information technology by PHDs

25. Data collected regarding births, deaths, marriages and divorces

## Down

1. An example would be using less hazardous chemicals in the workplace

2. One of the oldest communicable diseases in history

4. An official government body responsible for assuring the health of citizens

5. PHDs operated by a state health agency or board of health and the PHD functions under the state

7. PHDs operated by local government with or without a board of health

9. Federal Agency that protects workers in the workplace (abbreviation)

10. The study of the adverse effects of a chemical

11. Two or more persons organized to achieve a common goal

15. Gloves, gowns, masks and earplugs are what (abbreviation)

17. Promoting and developing alliances among organizations or constituencies for a common purpose

18. This is the form where information about a chemical's toxicity, safe handling and first aid can be found (abbreviation)

19. These groups played an important part in the evolution of occupational medicine