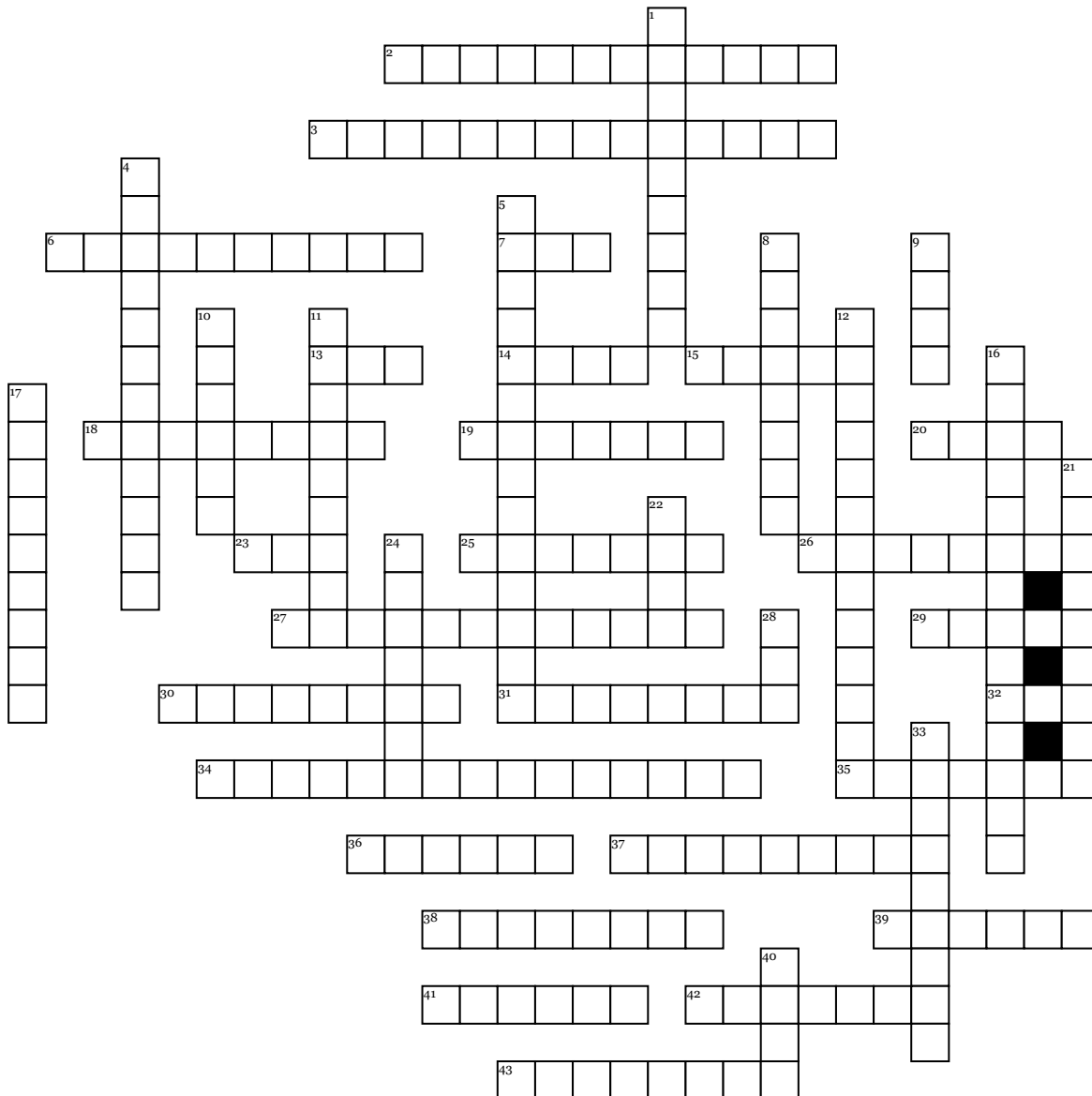


Name: _____

Date: _____

Exam III Phlebotomy Review



Across

2. Tampering or altering a urine specimen is also called this.
3. Bilirubin is considered _____ as due to this it is easily broken down in sunlight.
6. This type of urine specimen is used to detect urine infections.
7. Additive in yellow vials
13. How many drops of blood are wiped with sterile gauze after the finger is punctured?
14. The PT/INR testing at home is this type of testing.
15. Using plasma or whole-blood, this color topped tube is used to test for fast turn around chemistry results; CMP
18. This specimen is to be chilled or kept on ice.
19. Alcohol, marijuana and tobacco are considered this type of drug.
20. This color tube tube is used primarily for glycolic inhibition tests.
23. AKA good cholesterol
25. This is produced by the pancreas, and with diabetes is not made or used for metabolism of glucose.
26. Access to this should be made easy for patients who are testing for lactose intolerance due to symptoms of this allergy.
27. 24 hour urine specimens should be kept on ice or _____ for the duration of the time period.

29. O & P can be detected in this type of specimen.
30. These specimens are used in legal or criminal investigations.
31. Tests such as MCH, WBC, MCHC, MCV, CBC and differential are taken from this test tube.
32. Additive in blood culture vials.
34. This specimen should be kept warm during transport.
35. What symptom caused by Parkinson's disease would make blood draw difficult?
36. The number of minutes it will take blood to clot in a plain red tube without gel barrier.
37. An inpatient child should have their blood drawn in which type of room.
38. This type of fluid is analyzed to detect fetal abnormalities.
39. This type of test may be done in the workplace at any given time.
41. Which substance was made available for treatment of hemophilia, which led to an epidemic of HIV -- derived from plasma.
42. Directions for the 24 hour urine test should be given verbally as well as _____.
43. This is a type of blood sugar POCT machine.

Down

1. The name of the automatic action in which the small, thin tubes are filled from finger puncture.

4. Na⁺, K⁺, Cl⁻, and HCO₃⁻ are _____ that can be checked at home with POCT.
5. What type of culture can help diagnose children/infants for whooping cough?
8. Which type of blood does capillary blood most resemble due to blood pressure
9. The acronym for ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid
10. The direction in relation to fingerprints pattern in which a skin puncture or incision should be made for a capillary collection
11. This tube is drawn for nutritional studies, TDM monitoring, and toxicology.
12. Type of additive in tubes -- common function as oxalates, citrates, EDTA and heparin.
16. This process for drug testing is done to keep accountability of a specimen to prevent tampering.
17. This analyte should be protected from light.
21. Shaking the tube can cause this.
22. The number of copies that are required of a DOT CCF form.
24. Blood collections from central venous lines or PICC lines should be done by _____ staff.
28. Black topped tube is used to draw for this test.
33. When a child sits vertically in the lap and is held by the parent/caregiver during blood draw, this is a type of what?
40. This color topped tube is for blood bank collections.