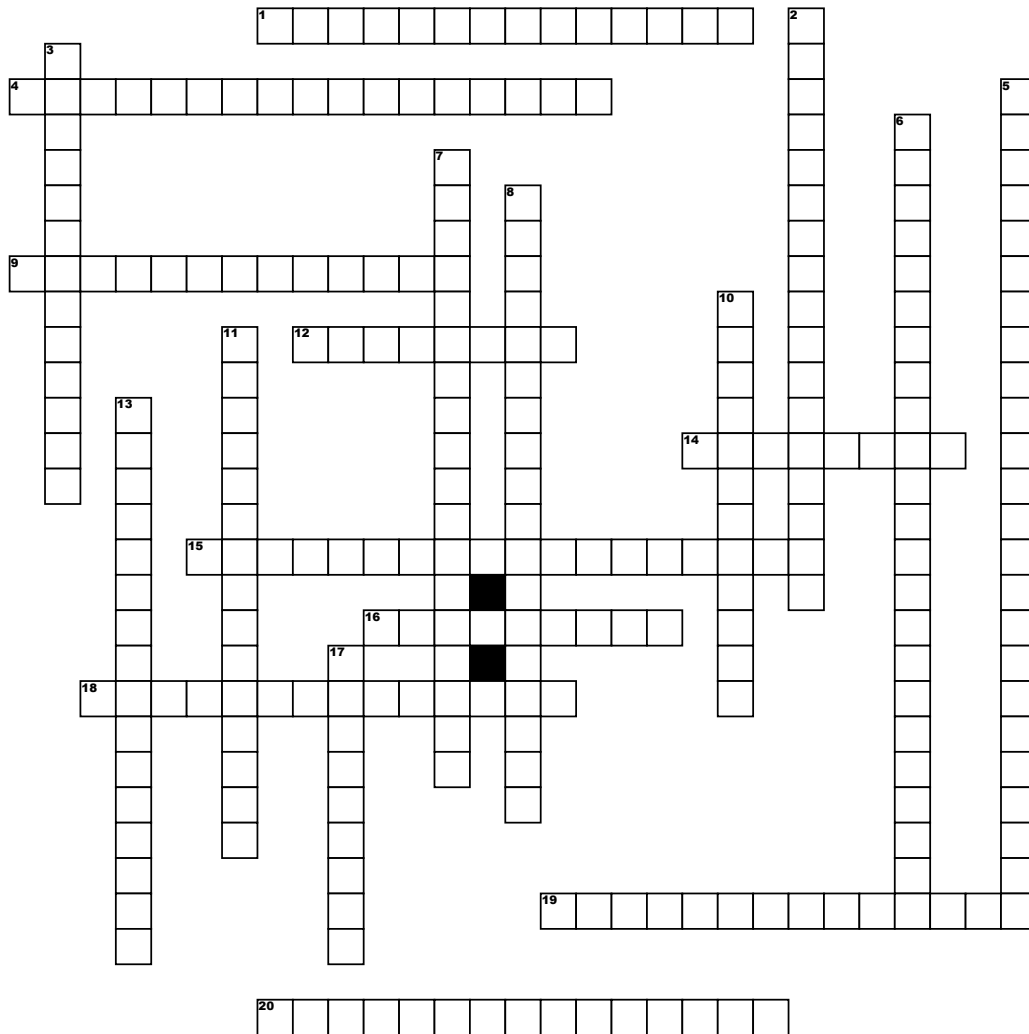


# Exploration & Colonization



**Across**

1. Puritan dissenter who was banished from the Massachusetts Bay Colony for teaching that worshippers needed neither the church nor its ministers to interpret the Bible for them

4. A society formed by the Separatists, that was based on the principles of their religious beliefs and the Mayflower Compact

9. leg in the triangular trade pattern between Africa and the West Indies that transported African slaves who eventually ended up in North America

12. Members of a 17th century English religious group that believe the Anglican Church should purify itself by abandoning much of its ritual and ceremony

14. such as tobacco, rice and indigo, that were grown for export to Europe; not grown for the farmer's use

15. growing only enough to feed one's family

16. English nobility who received large land grants in eastern Virginia from the King of England

18. a religious movement, led by George Whitefield and Jonathan Edwards that swept both Europe and the colonies during the mid-1700s; it emphasized emotional spirituality

19. Colonies that developed an economy based on shipbuilding, small-scale farming, and trading; highlighted by cities such as New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore; home to multiple religious groups

20. system of government in which the citizens of a community debated and voted directly on all laws; practiced by the Puritans in the Massachusetts Bay Colony

**Down**

2. The transfer of goods between the Americas, Africa, Asia, and Europe

3. Puritan dissenter who set up a new colony in Rhode Island

5. first elected assembly in the New World

6. Financed the establishment of Jamestown as a business venture

7. people who agreed to work on tobacco plantations for a fixed period of time to pay for passage to the New World; poor people from England; Ireland and Scotland

8. colonies that developed an economy based on shipbuilding, fishing, lumbering, small-scale subsistence farming, and manufacturing; society was based on religious standing

10. theory that countries should acquire gold and focus on exporting goods and owning colonies

11. transatlantic system of trade in which goods and people, including slaves, were exchanged between Africa, England, Europe, the West Indies, and the colonies in North America

13. agreement signed by the male Pilgrims to respect laws agreed upon for the general good of the colony

17. Founded in 1607, it was the first permanent English settlement in the New World

**Word Bank**

- Subsistence farming
- Virginia House of Burgesses
- Indentured servants
- Covenant community
- Roger Williams
- Cash crop
- Mercantilism

- Columbian Exchange
- Triangular Trade
- Middle Colonies
- Anne Hutchinson
- Jamestown
- Middle passage
- New England Colonies

- Puritans
- Cavaliers
- Mayflower Compact
- Direct democracy
- Virginia Company of London
- Great Awakening