## Fiebert Article (Parker's HDFS 5440)



## Across

5. State in which the research was conducted
6. At the time of this article, One in marriages in the United States was bi-racial
7. The type of students interviewed
8. Sixty percent $(60 \%)$ of the men were willing to
o an individual of differing ethnicity the same thing.
9. Fiebert (et al) said their current research adds information to a social area that at this point contains only a small body of $\qquad$ study.
10. The first ever national survey on race and attitudes and experience in dating and marriage was reported in the $\qquad$ (two words)
11. Fibert (et al) hypothesized that men and women across ethnic groups would be willing to people from other groups, but would
favor their own ethnic groups when making commitment choices.
12. Overall, -Americans chose members of their own group more often for both dating and commitment.
13. Hispanic Americans should be more accurately identified as a $\qquad$ or ethnic rather than a racial group
14. A third of $\qquad$ -American men, the highest of all male groups, chose the Asian American woman to visit their parents.

## Down

1. In the United States, Euro-Americans are dominant and therefore marry outside their ethnic group at lower rates than other groups.
2. Based on the 2000 census, researchers know that Hispanic-Americans are
at a faster rate than second generation European immigrants of the late 19th and early 20th century
3. All subjects were between 20 and 30 years of age, $\qquad$ , unmarried, and actively
4. The criteria of selection for imagery? Clarity of (two words) and
comparable $\overline{\text { attractiveness }}$
5. In which group (two words) did the researchers find the lowest rate of intermarriage (for males and females) among the groups, BUT intermarriage rates for the men were TWICE that of the women ( $6 \%$ vs. $3 \%$ )?
6. The researchers said it was noteworthy that their hypothesis was - in fact - supported in four of the eight groups, given the "
(two words) and the resulting apparent selection bias.
7. The number of ethnic groups studied
8. In this research, Chinese, Japanese,

Koreans, Filippinos, Vietnamese, and East Indians, to name only the largest groups, were grouped together for $\qquad$ —.
14. Where did they find the photos they used in the research?
15. The number of judges tasked with selecting imagery

