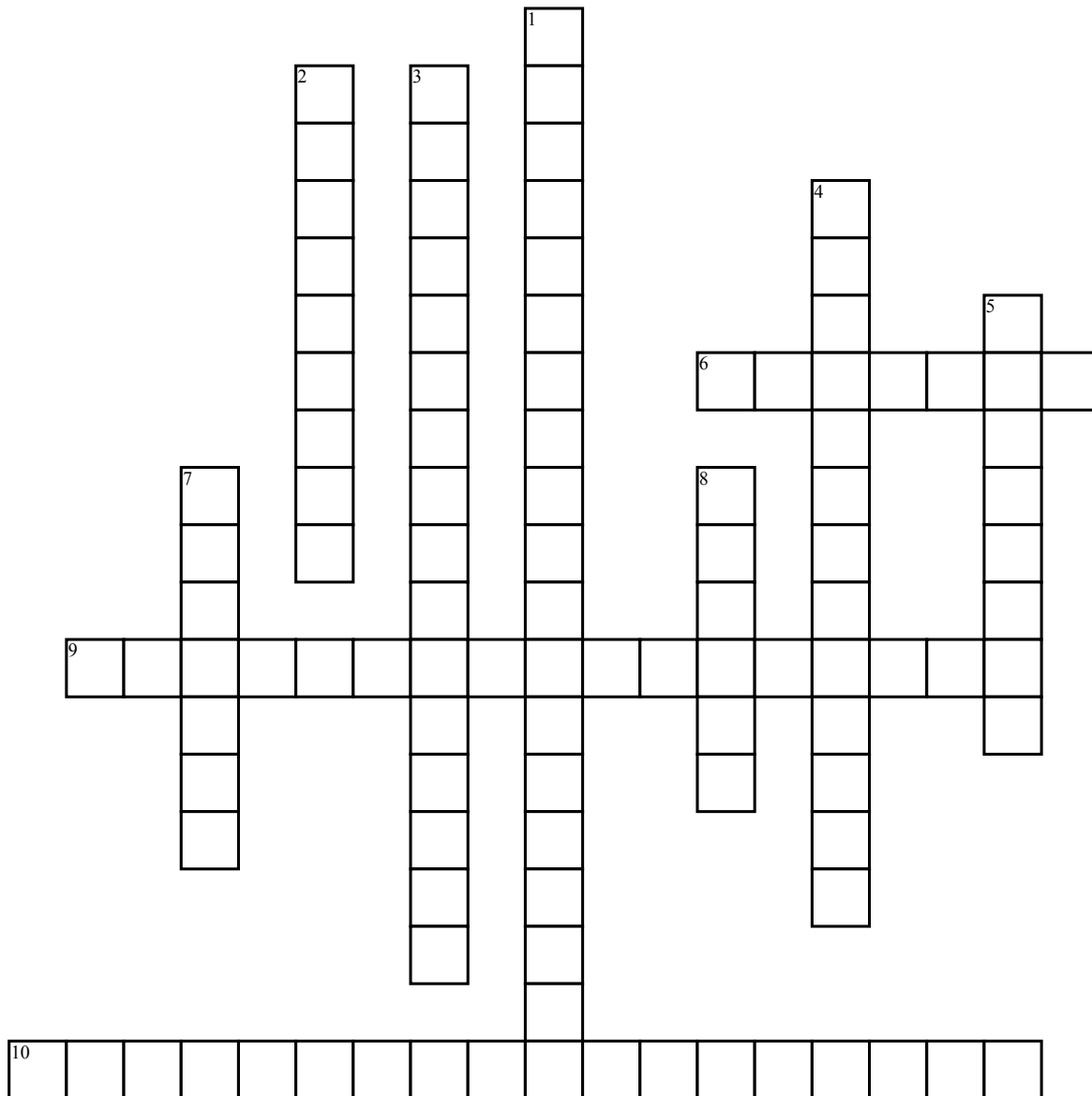


# Fifties



## Across

**6.** tension between the US and the Soviet Union  
**9.** 100 Southern men signed this document in 1956 to defend segregation

**10.** The construction of interstate highways and schools, the distribution of veterans' benefits and most of all the increase in military spending—on goods like airplanes and new technologies like computers—all contributed to the decade's economic growth

## Down

**1.** African Americans fighting against racial discrimination  
**2.** Montgomery activist arrested for refusing to give her seat to a white person

**3.** the Supreme Court declared that “separate educational facilities” for black children were “inherently unequal.” This ruling was the first nail in Jim Crow's coffin

**4.** began to buy land on the outskirts of cities and use mass production techniques to build modest, inexpensive tract houses

**5.** began in 1946, when a record number of babies—3.4 million—were born in the United States

**7.** developments earning nicknames like “Fertility Valley” and “The Rabbit Hutch.”

**8.** subsidized low-cost mortgages for returning soldiers, which meant that it was often cheaper to buy one of these suburban houses than it was to rent an apartment in the city