

## <u>Across</u>

**2.** For every action, there is an equal and opposite reaction (Issac Newton's Third Law of Motion)

7. Derived unit of force in the SI system

**9.** When an object remains still or moves in a constant direction at a constant speed

**10.** Two forces acting in opposite directions on an object, and equal in size

**11.** The amount of force that is making the object change direction or motion

**13.** One of the primary manifestations of mass (Issac Newton's First Law of Motion)

14. A force that is not opposed by an equal and opposite force operating directly against the force intended to cause a change in the object's state of motion or rest **Down** 

**1.** This acceleration is directly proportional to the force (Issac Newton's Second Law of Motion)

**3.** The three laws of mechanics describing the motion of a body

**4.** The rate at which the speed of an object increases

**5.** Surface resistance to relative motion

**6.** The rate of speed with which something happens

**8.** The rate or a measure of the rate of motion

**12.** The capacity to do work or cause physical changes, energy, strength, or active power