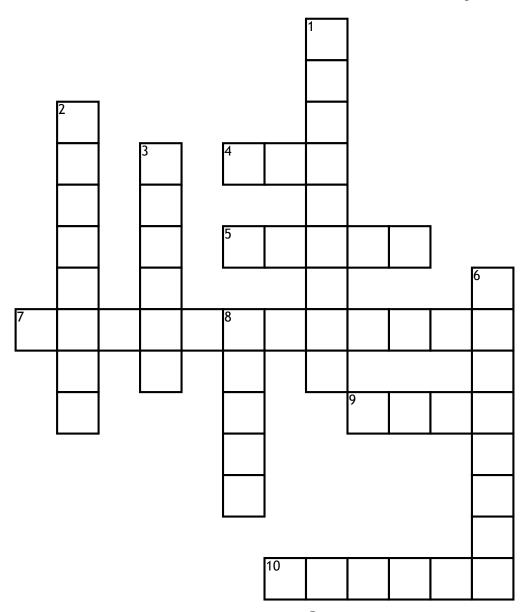
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## Forms of Poetry



## Across

- **4.** poems that show praise usually to people, natural scenes, and abstract ideas.
- **5.** a sad poem, usually written to praise and express sorrow for someone who is dead
- **7.** highly intellectualized poetry marked by bold and ingenious conceits, incongruous imagery, complexity and subtlety of thought, frequent use of paradox, and often by deliberate harshness or rigidity of expression
- **9.** narrative poem that is usually about heroic deeds and events that are significant to the culture of the poet.
- **10.** a poem of an expressive thought or idea made up of 14 lines in iambic pentameter, each being 10 syllables long

## **Down**

- 1. poetry that is free from limitations of regular meter or rhythm, and does not rhyme with fixed forms.
- **2.** sometimes also called 'shape poetry'—is poetry whose visual appearance matches the topic of the poem.
- **3.** Typically arranged in quatrains with the rhyme scheme ABAB, these poems are usually narrative, which means they tell a story.
- **6.** when a poet takes a marker (usually black marker) to already established text-like in a newspaper-and starts redacting words until a poem is formed.
- **8.** a Japanese poem of seventeen syllables, in three lines of five, seven, and five, traditionally evoking images of the natural world.