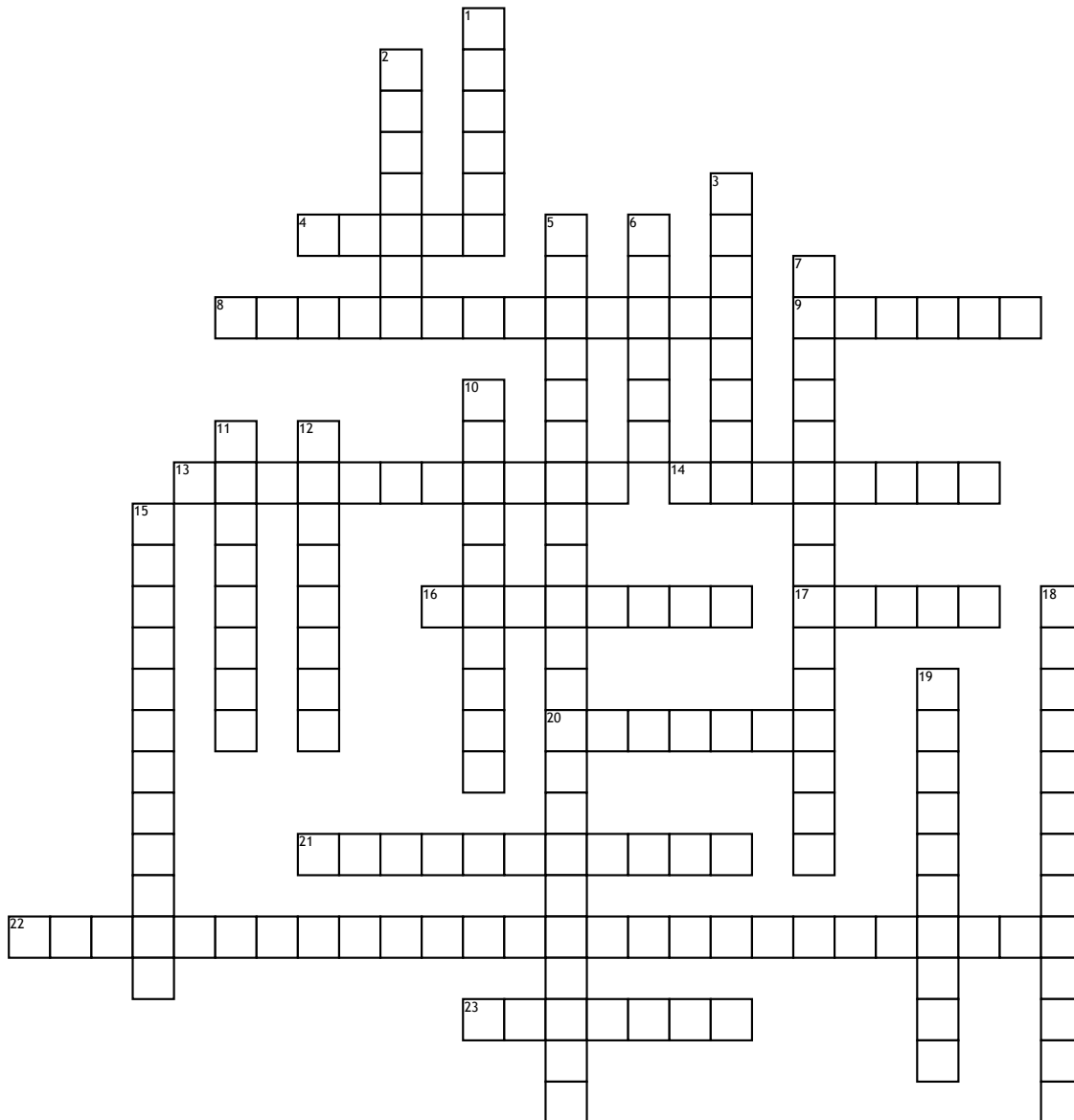


Name: _____

Date: _____

French Revolution Crossword Puzzle



Across

4. 25 million peasants who worked hard and paid a lot of money in taxes made up 'this Estate'

8. The philosophes are from a period that we now called the _____.

9. So that they could learn to move and gesture gracefully in the presence of the king, nobles under Louis XIV took 'these' lessons.

13. These people wanted to restore power to the King.

14. A government who's power rests with citizens who vote to elect their leaders is called a...

16. Despite saying "What I should like most is to be loved", this king was way out of touch with the troubles of France.

17. 'This' most radical leader of the revolution was murdered in his bath.

20. In 1770, Louis XVI married Marie Antoinette, a member of the Royal family from 'which country'?

21. Free thinkers like Rousseau, Voltaire and Montesquieu were called ...

22. Marie Antoinette was involved in 'this' scandal involving jewels worth more than the entire country of France's annual income

23. A member of radical society or club of revolutionaries that promoted the Reign of Terror and other extreme measures.

Down

1. Nobles, who were wealthy landowners made up 'this' Estate.

2. Louis XIV called himself 'this' because he arrogantly thought he was the source of light in all of France.

3. At the height of the Revolution angry mobs attacked 'this prison', a symbol of the King's power.

5. Moderates wanted to see France ruled as a _____, which is a democracy with a king, like Britain.

6. The First Estate was made up of archbishops, priests, monks and nuns who together describe 'this group'.

7. Before the establishment of Parliament, the King of France's rule meant that his word was law because he was an...

10. 'This' would eventually be the fate of Louis Capet and Marie Antoinette

11. This 'most famous' philosophe was against the church and for freedom of thought

12. These people, inspired by the American Revolution, wanted France to run like a republic.

15. Large areas of France were terrified by angry peasants who burned, pillaged and killed hundreds of people during a period called ...

18. The years 1793-1794 were ones where the revolutionary government had extraordinary powers and harsh laws meant to intimidate anyone who disagreed with the Jacobins.

19. To ensure his position as the greatest monarch in Europe, Louis XIV built a tremendous palace in 'this village'.